

OPERATING AND SERVICE MANUAL

**5501A**

**LASER TRANSDUCER (LASER HEAD)**

**SERIAL PREFIX: 2020A**

This manual applies directly to Hewlett-Packard Model 5501A Laser Transducers having serial prefix 2020A.

**SERIAL PREFIXES NOT LISTED**

For serial prefixes above 2020A, a Manual Change sheet is included with this manual. For lower serial prefixes, refer to Section VI of this manual.

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5305 STEVENS CREEK BLVD., SANTA CLARA, CALIF. 95050

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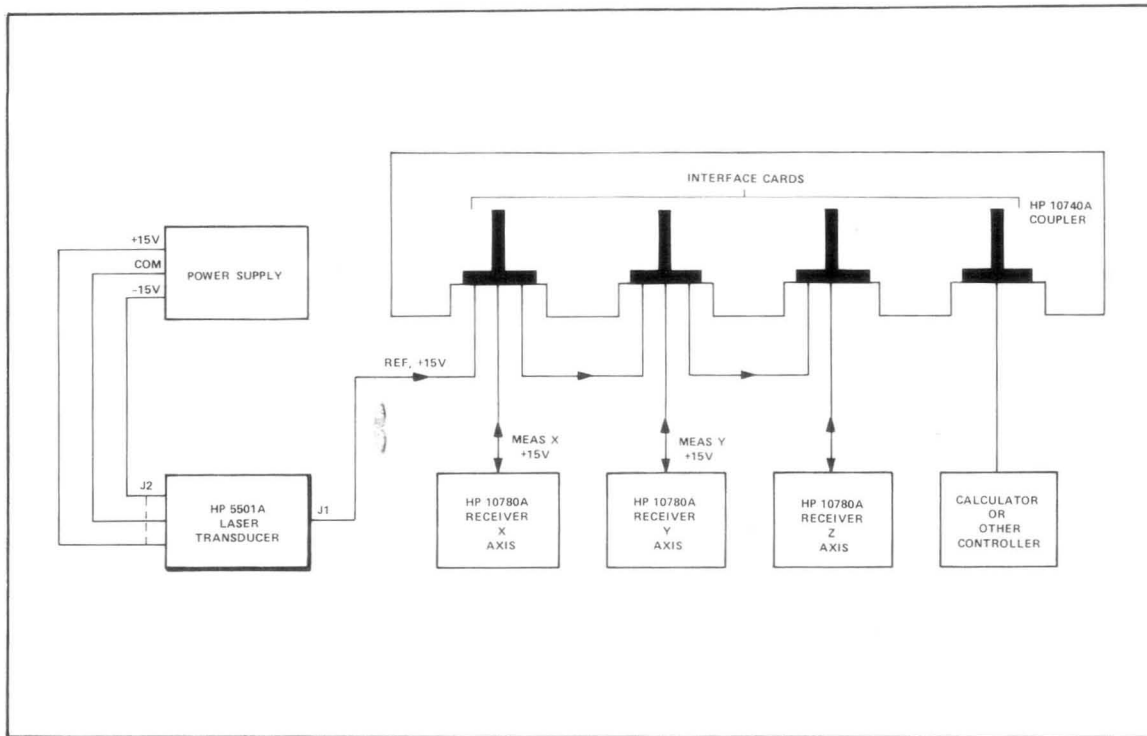


Figure 2-2. Typical Transducer System Interconnections

### 2-15. Cable Fabrication

2-16. Power and signal interconnecting cables of suitable length must be fabricated using the three plugs included with the laser head. Figure 2-3 illustrates the physical details of the three supplied plugs and gives part numbers for both the plugs and the recommended cables. Refer to Table 2-1 for rear-panel connector pin numbers of all available power and signal lines.

### 2-17. OPERATION

2-18. The following paragraphs describe the laser head controls, connectors, and indicators, and describe the steps necessary to apply power to the laser head and to verify that the laser beam is aligned through the optical components of the system.

### 2-19. Controls, Connectors, and Indicators

2-20. Figure 2-4 identifies and describes each of the operating controls, connectors, and indicators. Refer to Table 2-1 for information regarding the specific power and signal lines that are available at each of the connectors.

### 2-21. Power Application

2-22. The installed laser head unit is activated when +15 Vdc and -15 Vdc are applied to the unit. After connecting the POWER plug, measure the voltage at pins A and B of the diagnostics connector and ensure that the power source is adjusted to conform to the following requirements.

| Pin (+) | Pin (-) | Measured Voltage    |
|---------|---------|---------------------|
| A       | D       | +15V $\pm$ 0.25 Vdc |
| D       | B       | -15V $\pm$ 0.25 Vdc |

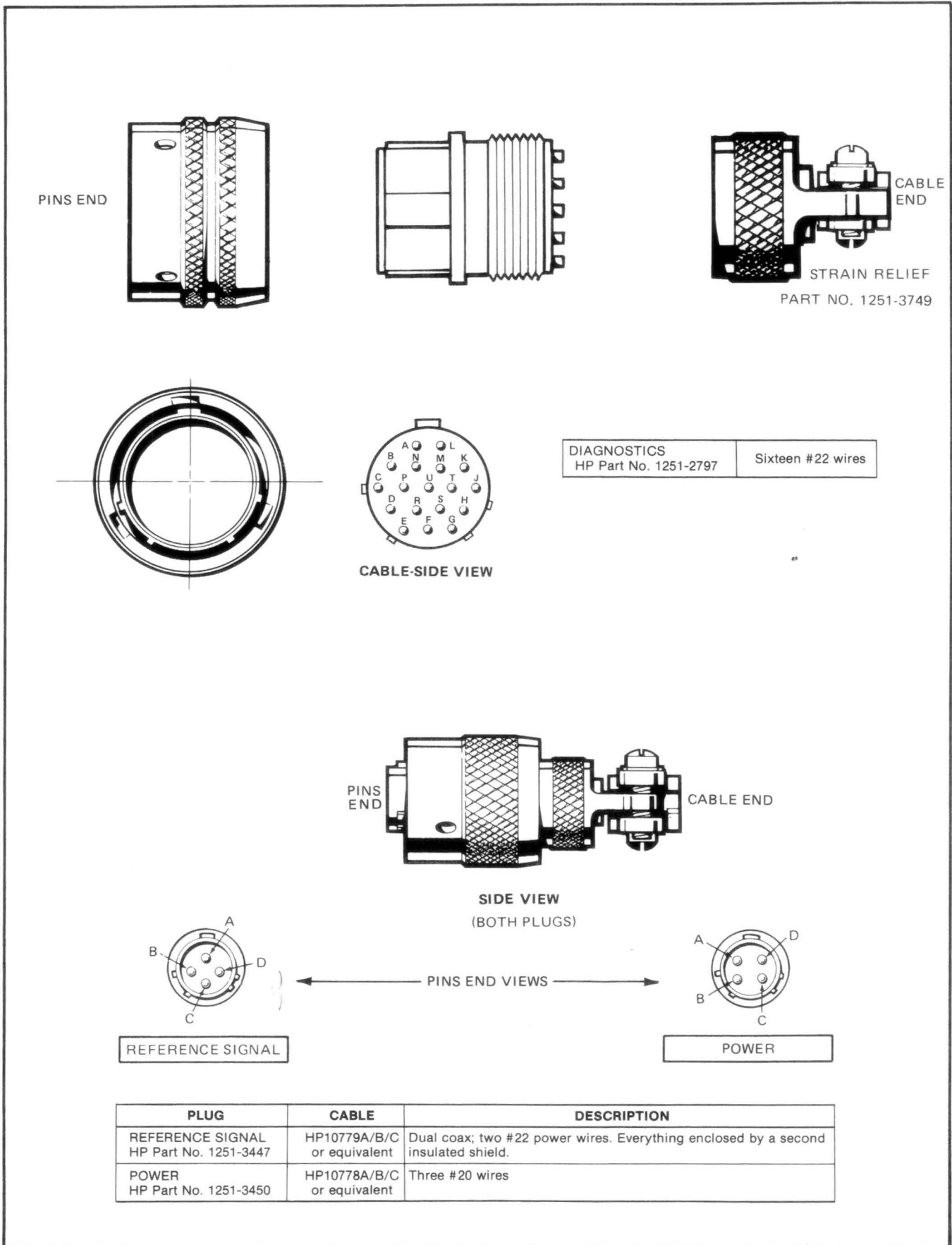
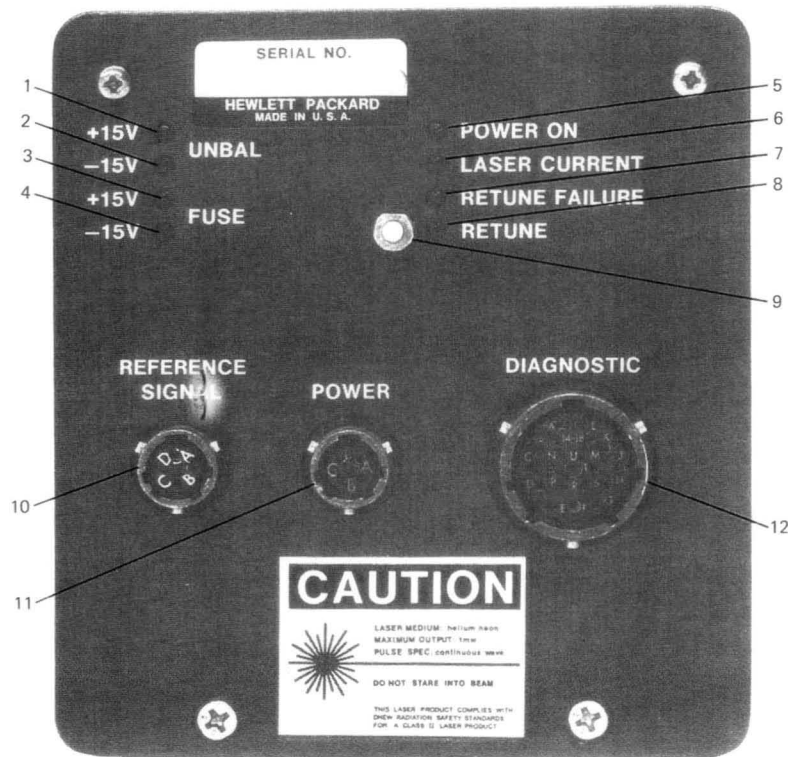


Figure 2-3. Interconnecting Plugs and Cable Details



Table 2-1. Laser Head System Signal Chart

| Input        | Output       | Signal Name               | Function  | Source                           | Destination                            |
|--------------|--------------|---------------------------|---|----------------------------------|--|
|              | J1-A         | Fused +15V                | Accessory +15V Operating Power  |                                  | Accessory Equipment                    |
|              | J1-B         | Fused +15V<br>RET         | Accessory +15V Return   |                                  | Accessory Equipment                    |
|              | J1-C<br>J1-D | REF<br>REF                | System Reference Measurement signal, equal to the difference in frequency between the Laser $f_1$ and $f_2$ components.   |                                  | Accessory Equipment                    |
| J2-A<br>J2-B |              | +15V<br>-15V              | External +15V power input<br>External -15V power input  | Ext. Pwr. Sup.<br>Ext. Pwr. Sup. |  |
|              | J2-C         | +5V                       | +5V power test point  |                                  | Accessory Equipment<br>(test use only) |
| J2-D         |              | GND                       | Power Ground  | Ext. Pwr. Sup.                   |  |
|              | J3-A         | +15 TEST                  | +15V sample for diagnostics   |                                  | Accessory Equipment                    |
|              | J3-B         | -15 TEST                  | -15V sample for diagnostics   |                                  | Accessory Equipment                    |
|              | J3-C         | +5 TEST                   | +5V sample for diagnostics  |                                  | Accessory Equipment                    |
|              | J3-D         | SYS COM                   | System Common return  |                                  | Accessory Equipment                    |
| J3-E         |              | <u>RETUNE</u><br>CMD      | Active low signal; external input to initiate PZT Tune/Check cycle  | Accessory Equipment              |  |
|              | J3-F         | RETUNE<br>FAILURE         | Active high diagnostic signal indicating failure of the PZT Tuning/Check cycle  |                                  | Accessory Equipment                    |
|              | J3-J         | RETUNE<br>STATUS          | Active high diagnostic signal indicating PZT Tuning/Check cycle is in process   |                                  | Accessory Equipment                    |
|              | J3-K         | LASER<br>CURRENT<br>ERROR | Active high diagnostic signal indicating Laser Tube current is not within minimum and maximum limits  |                                  | Accessory Equipment                    |
|              | J3-L         | ERROR                     | Active high diagnostic signal indicating any or all of the following conditions:<br>1. Laser Tube current out of specifications<br>2. PZT voltage out of specifications<br>3. Retune/Check cycle in process |                                  | Accessory Equipment                    |
|              | J3-M         | L I MON<br>TEST           | Laser current sample for diagnostics  |                                  | Accessory Equipment                    |
|              | J3-N         | PZT MON<br>TEST           | PZT voltage sample for diagnostics  |                                  | Accessory Equipment                    |
|              | J3-P         | REF OK<br>STATUS          | Active low diagnostic signal indicating Laser is properly tuned   |                                  | Accessory Equipment                    |



- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. +15 UNBAL (LED Lamp)</li> <li>2. -15 UNBAL (LED Lamp)</li> <li>3. +15 FUSE (LED Lamp)</li> <li>4. -15 FUSE (LED Lamp)</li> <li>5. POWER ON (LED Lamp)</li> <li>6. LASER CURRENT (LED Lamp)</li> <li>7. RETUNE FAILURE (LED Lamp)</li> <li>8. RETUNE (LED Lamp)</li> <li>9. RETUNE (Pushbutton)</li> <li>10. REFERENCE SIGNAL (Connector, J1)</li> <li>11. POWER (Connector, J2)</li> <li>12. DIAGNOSTIC (Connector, J3)</li> </ol> | <p>Lights when +15 Vdc power is high by approximately one volt or more; or when the -15 Vdc power input is low (i.e., less negative) by one volt or more.</p> <p>Lights when -15 Vdc power is high (i.e., more negative) by approximately one one volts or more; or when the +15 Vdc power input is low (i.e., less positive) by one volt or more.</p> <p>Lights when +15 Vdc fuse blows.</p> <p>Lights when -15 Vdc fuse blows.</p> <p>Lights when external power has been applied to Laser Head.</p> <p>Lights to indicate Laser Tube current is not within appropriate operating limits.</p> <p>Lights to indicate the Laser Tube is not properly tuned or that retune cycle did not retune the laser.</p> <p>Lights to indicate that retuning is required or that retune cycle is in progress. Light should go out approximately 9 seconds after the RETUNE pushbutton is depressed. If light remains on, a tuning fault is indicated.</p> <p>Manually activates Retune sequence.</p> <p>Allows the reference signals (REF and <math>\overline{\text{REF}}</math>) and +15V power to be interconnected to other system components.</p> <p>Provides connection point for external power supply input.</p> <p>Allows monitoring of diagnostic signals and application of RETUNE command by external equipment.</p> |
|--|--|

Figure 2-4. Controls, Connectors, and Indicators

## SECTION III

### THEORY OF OPERATION

#### 3-1. INTRODUCTION

3-2. This section provides the theory of operation for the laser head. The first part presents general laser theory as it applies to the laser head. Subsequent paragraphs described detailed laser head operation; functional analysis of the laser head is included.

#### 3-3. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

3-4. The laser head transmits a coherent light beam (all light waves are in phase) that is used by the laser transducer system to generate displacement measurement signals. In addition to this beam, the laser head generates an electrical reference (REF) signal, and accepts and produces interface and diagnostic signals for accessory equipment. The laser head accepts +15 Vdc and -15 Vdc operating power from an external source and distributes fused +15 Vdc and -15 Vdc to other units of the transducer system.

3-5. The laser head basically consists of a laser tube assembly, regulator circuits that ensure optimum laser operation, and diagnostic circuits.

3-6. The laser tube contains a Helium-Neon gas that is excited when high voltage is supplied. A laser current control circuit maintains the appropriate laser tube current by monitoring cathode current and adjusting the high voltage accordingly.

3-7. The laser tube consists of the anode, cathode, mirrors, a spring, and a piezoelectric transducer. These elements are enclosed in the Helium-Neon environment. As a result of the excitation, light energy in the form of photons are spontaneously emitted by the excited Neon atoms. These photons, traveling approximately at the speed of light, are reflected by the mirrors and collide with Neon atoms that are in a metastable state. This collision results in the stimulated emission of several photons by the Neon atoms. This event occurs repeatedly and is responsible for the laser phenomenon; Light Amplification by Stimulated Emission of Radiation. Further photon collisions cause increased coherent emission. These chain reactions, ultimately create an in-phase, or coherent light energy level which is sufficient to generate a beam through the laser tube aperture.

3-8. The laser frequency is determined by the transition between energy levels of the Neon atoms. The distance between mirrors establishes a cavity length which is adjusted to support longitudinal oscillations at a wavelength of 6328 Angstroms ( $5 \times 10^{14}$  Hz). This wavelength lies in the red region of the visible light spectrum.

3-9. A small amount of resonant cavity length tuning is provided by the piezoelectric transducer (PZT) which is in front of the rear mirror. A spring behind the mirror forces it against the PZT. The PZT has the property of expanding to a thickness which is proportional to the amount of positive dc voltage applied through a stem connection at the rear of the tube. The expanding PZT pushes the mirror to the rear of the tube, thereby creating a longer resonant cavity. The longer cavity sustains oscillations at a slightly lower frequency. Therefore, the laser tube responds to a more positive PZT voltage by tuning to a slightly lower frequency. Conversely, the tube responds to a less positive PZT voltage by tuning to a higher laser frequency. This PZT control potential ranges from +270V to +1800V.

3-10. A magnet that surrounds the laser tube causes Zeeman splitting of its frequency symmetrically about  $f_0$ , the normal laser center frequency. This results in two circularly polarized frequency components existing in the same beam. One component is left-hand circularly polarized (LHCP) and is approximately 1 MHz from the center operating frequency of the tube ( $f_0$ ). The other beam frequency component is right-hand circularly polarized (RHCP) and is approximately 1 MHz from  $f_0$ , in the other direction.

3-11. The laser beam, containing the two circularly polarized frequency components ( $f_1$  and  $f_2$ ), passes through a  $\lambda/4$  plate ( $\lambda$  = wavelength). This causes the  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  components to become linearly polarized and mutually perpendicular, or orthogonal. These frequency components then pass through a  $\lambda/2$  plate which is factory-adjusted to compensate for the imperfect orthogonal positioning of the  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  signals.

3-12. The laser beam, containing the vertically polarized  $f_1$  (the lower of the two frequencies) and the horizontally polarized  $f_2$  components, passes through a collimating telescope. This device consists of a compound lens which spreads the extremely narrow laser beam into a parallel 0.28 inch (7 mm) output beam.

3-13. A device called a beam splitter diverts a small portion of the output beam and routes this sample to a polarizing beam splitter. This splitter partially separates and applies the  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  signals to the PZT control circuit. The PZT control circuit compares the signal level of the  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  samples. If the levels of these samples are not equal, an appropriate (dc) PZT control voltage is generated to tune the laser tube and cause equalization of the  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  components. In addition to providing this automatic tuning control, the control circuits extract the difference frequency between  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  and generate an electrical reference measurement signal for use by the transducer accessory equipment.

3-14. Additional circuits within the laser head monitor PZT voltage, laser current, and performance of the automatic tuning circuits, as well as external operating power inputs. These circuits drive fault lights and provide diagnostic signals to accessory equipment. A retune command signal, from accessory equipment or manually activated at the laser head, interrupts the automatic PZT tuning and forces the laser to tune to the center of its mechanical range for 3 seconds. Control is then returned to the automatic control circuits. This retune capability is provided to bring the laser operating frequency within the range of automatic control when, due to extreme environmental changes, the laser attempts to tune beyond the automatic tuning range.

### 3-15. GENERAL FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

3-16. The following text provides a detailed functional analysis of laser head operation. All descriptions relate to Figure 7-4 unless otherwise specified. Operation of the laser head can be grouped into the following functions:

- Power Distribution
- Laser Current Regulation
- Automatic (PZT) Tuning
- Control and Diagnostic Monitoring

### 3-17. Power Distribution

3-18. When +15 Vdc and -15 Vdc are applied to the laser head, the POWER ON light-emitting-diode indicator (on the A1 Connector Board) is forward biased and illuminates. The dc input potentials also produce a virtual ground level at the junction of two 15K ohm resistors. This balanced condition results in an open circuit at both outputs of the comparator switch. An unbalanced condition exists when either the positive or negative dc input deviates from 15 volts by approximately 1 volt or more. This offset causes a corresponding comparator switch output to go to ground, resulting in a lit UNBAL indicator. Table 3-1 lists the unbalanced dc voltage conditions and the resulting unbalanced indications.

Table 3-1. DC Unbalanced Failures

| DC Input Voltage | Unbalanced Condition<br>(See Note) | Unbalanced Indicators |            |
|------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|
|                  |                                    | +15V UNBAL            | -15V UNBAL |
| +15 Vdc          | High (more positive)               | ON                    | OFF        |
|                  | Low (less positive)                | OFF                   | ON         |
| -15 Vdc          | High (more negative)               | OFF                   | ON         |
|                  | Low (less negative)                | ON                    | OFF        |

3-19. If either the +15 Vdc or -15 Vdc two-amp fuse opens, current is diverted through the associated LED indicator, turning that fuse indicator on.

3-20. System operating power is distributed to the laser head and other transducer units via the connector board. Safety switch S2 opens when the laser head cover is removed. This disconnects -15 Vdc from the piezoelectric transducer (PZT) power supply and the high voltage power supply. As a result, these power supplies become inoperative. The +15 Vdc input is applied to a regulator on the A7 Control Board. This regulator provides +5 volts for use within the laser head.

#### NOTE

High or low indicates voltage deviation of approximately 1 volt, or more. For example, consider the +15 volt input going more positively by 1 volt. The inverted input to the comparator switch goes high (i.e., more positive than ground). This results in the cathode of LED DS1 switch going to ground, activating the UNBAL +15V indicator. The cathode of LED DS2 output remains open. Conversely, if the -15 volt input goes more negative by approximately 1 volt, the unbalance condition causes the comparator switch inverting input to go negative, grounding the cathode of DS2 and opening the DS1 cathode. As a result, the -15V unbalance indicator is lit.

### 3-21. Laser Current Regulation

3-22. The laser current regulation circuit is a control loop consisting of an error sensing circuit and the high voltage power supply. A 390-ohm resistor on the A1 Connector Board provides a current path for the laser tube cathode. The resulting voltage drop across this resistor provides a monitoring input to a difference amplifier on the Connector Board. This difference amplifier functions as a voltage comparator. The other comparator input is a reference voltage which is determined by the adjustment of potentiometer A1R11. Laser current is adjusted by monitoring A7TP2 (i.e., the laser cathode current test point on the Control Board) or A1TP1 (adjacent to A1R11) and setting A1R11 for the appropriate reading. Once set, any change in laser current results in a comparator error output signal. This error signal changes the conduction of driver A1Q3. Transistor A1Q3 drives a series regulator Q1, which acts as a variable resistance to control the amount of drive to the High Voltage Power Supply A2.

3-23. The A2 High Voltage Power Supply consists of an oscillator and a high voltage multiplier circuit. The oscillator is activated when -15 volts is supplied via safety switch A1S2. Oscillation is maintained by internal switching transistors that alternately drive magnetic core transformer T1 in and out of saturation at a rate that depends on the amount of voltage delivered by series regulator Q1. Higher drive voltage results in a higher oscillator frequency and a higher peak-to-peak amplitude. Less voltage reduces oscillator frequency and amplitude. The typical oscillator output range is 12.5 kHz at 50 volts (peak-to-peak) to 25 kHz at 125 volts (peak-to-peak). The oscillator output signal determines the amount of high voltage dc output that is produced by the high voltage multiplier circuit.

3-24. The high voltage multiplier consists of voltage doubler circuits that are wired in series to produce a net high voltage output of up to 10K Vdc. This variable output is applied to the anode of the laser tube to control tube current. The high voltage circuit responds to a variation in cathode current by providing a change in anode high voltage. This high voltage change brings laser tube current back to the appropriate level.

### 3-25. Automatic PZT Tuning

3-26. The laser tube is automatically fine tuned by a control loop, which consists of the Beam Splitter Assembly (A4), Lock Reference Assembly (A5), and the PZT Power Supply Assembly (A6). These circuits sample the output beam and provide PZT control voltages that maintain the appropriate dual-frequency beam emission.

3-27. The Beam Splitter Assembly diverts approximately 20% of the laser tube output beam and applies this portion of the beam to a polarized beam splitter. The polarized splitter extracts the orthogonal frequency components from the beam sample and provides separated  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  frequency inputs to the Lock Reference Assembly photodetector diodes.

3-28. The polarized beam splitter allows a small portion of the  $f_2$  component to be mixed with the  $f_1$  photodiode input. A small amount of  $f_1$  signal is also combined with the  $f_2$  photodiode sample. As a result, each photodiode detects a difference frequency signal (approximately 2 MHz). One photodiode output signal, designated comp- $f_1$ , consists of a dominant  $f_1$  signal, and a small amount of  $f_2$ . As a result the amplitude of the comp- $f_1$  signal is a function of the  $f_1$  component of the beam sample. The comp- $f_2$  amplitude is determined by the  $f_2$  level of the input beam sample. Comp- $f_1$  is applied to the negative difference integrator input, while comp- $f_2$  is applied to the positive input. The difference integrator compares these inputs and provides a resultant negative dc output signal. The magnitude of this signal depends on the relative amplitude of the comp- $f_1$  and comp- $f_2$  signals. Typical levels range from -3 Vdc to -7 Vdc.

3-29. The FREQ potentiometer, A5R4, is an offset adjustment that provides the appropriate difference integrator output when equal comp- $f_1$  and comp- $f_2$  signals are applied. This adjustment compensates for the fact that the two photodiodes are not perfectly matched.

3-30. A RETUNE CLAMP input signal from the A7 Control Assembly activates the clamp switch circuits; this results in a -6 volts difference integrator output. This RETUNE CLAMP signal is provided when the manual RETUNE button is pressed or when the RETUNE CMD signal is received. The clamp signal lasts 3 seconds, after which time the automatic circuits resume control of the difference integrator output.

3-31. The dc difference integrator control signal is applied through an emitter follower to the PZT Power Supply. The PZT Power Supply operates in a manner similar to the High Voltage Power Supply and consists of an oscillator and one voltage doubler. This power supply responds to control input by providing a dc output that varies from 1 to 2 kV. This output directly controls the laser tube PZT, and ultimately causes equalization of the laser beam  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  frequency components.

3-32. To demonstrate PZT control loop operation, consider an  $f_0$  (center frequency) drift towards a lower frequency ( $f_1$ ). The resulting increase in  $f_1$  signal level is sensed by the Lock Reference Assembly circuits. These circuits respond by applying a more negative PZT control signal to the PZT Power Supply, causing a PZT voltage decrease. The tuned laser tube frequency is inversely proportional to PZT control voltage input. A decreasing PZT voltage therefore tunes the laser tube towards a higher frequency. As a result, the  $f_1$  amplitude decreases and the  $f_1$  component becomes equal to the  $f_2$  component signal level.

3-33. The Lock Reference Assembly also performs the function of providing the system with a reference signal. The comp- $f_2$  signal is applied to an over-driven RF amplifier. The resulting output is applied to a differential line driver and a detector circuit. The detector provides a dc signal which is proportional to the RF comp- $f_2$  signal strength. When this dc output signal exceeds +0.3 volt, a sufficient signal requirement is satisfied. As a result, the threshold detector output goes high enabling the differential driver which produces a true REF OK signal. The enabled driver provides complementary (REF and REF) reference signals to the transducer accessory modules.

### 3-34. Control and Diagnostic Monitoring

3-35. The A6 Control Assembly generates diagnostic signals and provides timing and control signals for the retune function.

3-36. RETUNE FUNCTION (refer to Figure 3-1 and 7-4). The retune function is initiated when the RETUNE pushbutton, S1, is depressed or an external RETUNE CMD signal is received from a transducer controller. The high-to-low transition of this signal clears the tune fault latch and sets the tune latch on the Control Board. The tune latch then provides a low RETUNE output signal that activates the error gate, resulting in a true (high) ERROR diagnostic output signal. The logic high RETUNE signal, (also generated by the tune latch) provides drive that lights the RETUNE LED indicator. The ERROR diagnostic signal stays high and the RETUNE indicator remain lit during the complete retune cycle. If the laser head successfully retunes, the ERROR signal goes low and the RETUNE indicator goes out.

3-37. At time  $t_1$  (the positive transition of the RETUNE CMD signal) the retune timing circuits generate a 3-second RETUNE CLAMP signal which is applied to the Lock Reference Assembly. The Lock Reference Assembly tuning circuits respond to this input by ultimately driving the PZT-controlled laser frequency towards center ( $f_0$ ). Upon termination of the RETUNE CLAMP signal (3 seconds after  $t_1$ ), the automatic PZT tune circuits resume control of the laser tuning. Successful retuning is accomplished when the comp- $f_2$  input signal to the Lock Reference Assembly provides proportional dc drive that exceeds a +0.3 Vdc threshold level. When this condition is satisfied, a low REF OK signal is generated. This signal is applied to the Control



Assembly test gate, inhibiting the gate. This disabled gate prevents a set signal (generated during time  $t_2$ ) from reaching the fault latch. As a result, the fault latch remains cleared and provides a low enable signal to the clear gate. During time  $t_3$  (approximately 9 seconds after the retune cycle started), a 10-microsecond CLR signal is inverted by the enabled clear gate and the resulting CLR trigger clears the tune latch.

3-38. If the retuning process is not successfully accomplished, the threshold detector output (on the Lock Reference Assembly) remains low. This signal prevents generation of a system reference signal and provides a false (high) REF OK signal. This high signal enables the test gate (on the Control Assembly) during times  $t_2$  to  $t_3$ . As a result, the  $t_2$  signal (from the retune timing circuits) drives the test gate output low. This low signal sets the tune fault latch. The set latch:

- a. Provides drive to light the RETUNE FAILURE LED indicator.
- b. Inhibits the clear gate; thereby keeping the tune latch set. As a result the RETUNE LED indicator remains ON.
- c. Maintains an active (high) ERROR output signal.

3-39. DIAGNOSTIC SIGNALS AND INDICATORS. Improper laser current, PZT voltage or beam sampling inputs results in an active (high) diagnostic ERROR output signal. The laser cathode resistor on the Connector Board provides an input voltage which serves as a monitoring signal to the Control Board Laser Current Fault Detector. This fault detector is a dual comparator which is activated when the monitoring voltage (representing laser current) exceeds an upper limit of +2.0 volts, or falls below the lower limit of +1.0 volt. The resulting low LI FAULT signal activates the error gate, turns the LASER CURRENT fault indicator on, and provides a subsystem LASER CURRENT fault diagnostic output signal.

3-40. A part of the PZT Power Supply output voltage (approximately 1/1000th) is sampled and applied to the PZT fault detector on the Control Assembly. This circuit is also a dual comparator which is activated when the PZT sample input exceeds +1.8 volts, or falls below +0.27 volt. A low PZT output signal sets the tune latch activating the ERROR diagnostic output signal. In addition, the set tune latch output lights the RETUNE indicator and provides an active RETUNE diagnostic output signal. This signal indicates a laser retune requirement.

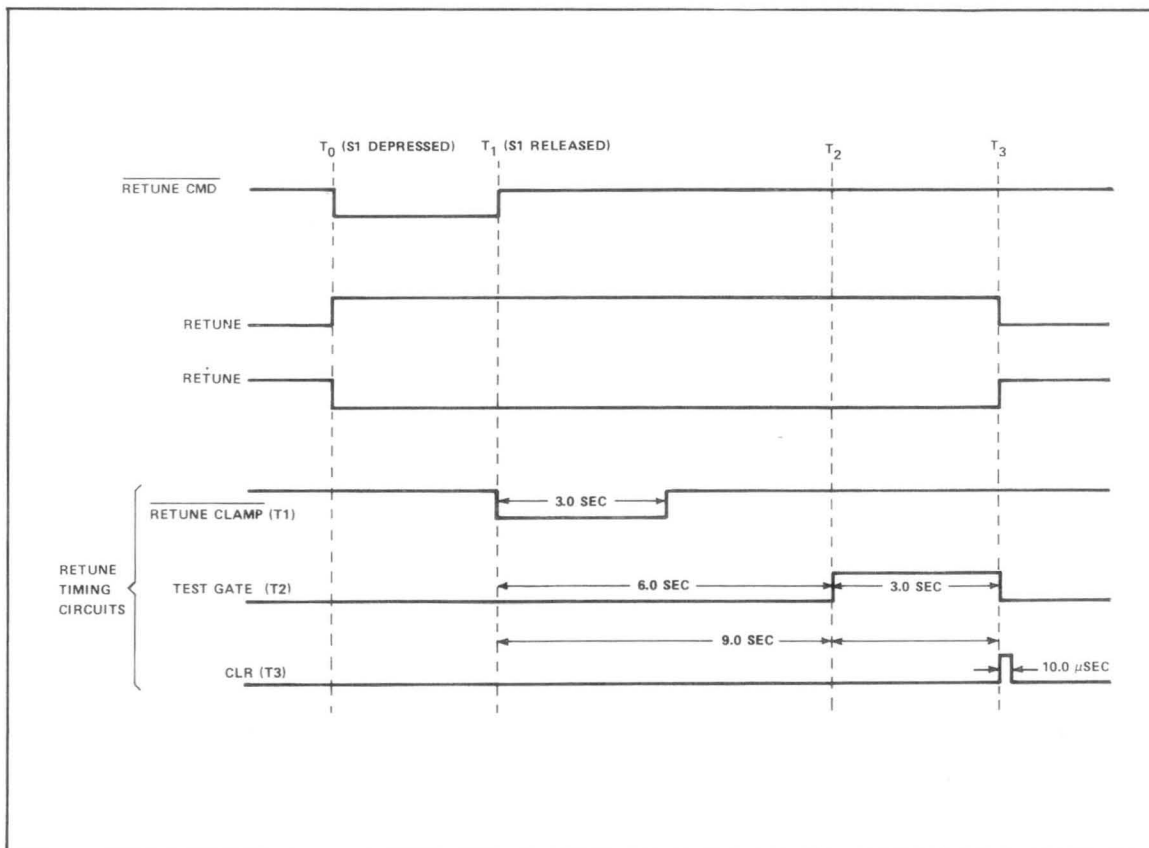


Figure 3-1. Retune Timing Diagram

## SECTION IV MAINTENANCE

### 4-1. INTRODUCTION

4-2. This section provides information to facilitate 5501A laser head maintenance at the replaceable module level. Included are performance checks, instrument access procedures, a troubleshooting flow chart, troubleshooting diagrams, and adjustment procedures. When a faulty module is isolated, the trouble may be further isolated to the component level by using the functional theory provided in Section III of this manual.

### 4-3. PERFORMANCE CHECK

4-4. When a new 5501A is received, or normal operation is in doubt, this test may be performed to determine if the unit is operating properly. The +15 Vdc and -15 Vdc are derived from external power supplies. If necessary, adjust these power supplies to conform to parameters in Tables 4-1 and 4-2. The following test equipment is recommended:

- HP 1707 Oscilloscope or equivalent (2 MHz measurements)
- HP 5300/5306 Multimeter/Counter (+15V measurements)

4-5. Check the 5501A voltages in the following manner:

- a. Disconnect the POWER cable.
- b. Measure the voltages at the disconnected cable plug as outlined in Table 4-1.

*Table 4-1. Input Voltage*

| Plug Pin    | Voltage    |
|-------------|------------|
| A(+) , D(-) | +15 ±0.25V |
| D(+) , B(-) | -15 ±0.25V |

- c. Connect the plug to the 5501A POWER connector. Disconnect the DIAGNOSTIC plug and perform the voltage measurements according to Table 4-2.

*Table 4-2. Voltages at Diagnostic Connector*

| DIAGNOSTIC<br>Connector Pin | Voltage      |
|-----------------------------|--------------|
| A(+) , D(-)                 | +15V ±1V     |
| D(+) , B(-)                 | -15V ±1V     |
| C(+) , D(-)                 | *+15V ±0.25V |

\*Voltage provided by 5501A circuits.



- d. Observe the rear-panel indicators of the 5501A while depressing, then releasing, the RETUNE switch. The indicators should be as described in Table 4-3.

Table 4-3. Indicator Conditions During Retune

| Indicator      | Condition  |
|----------------|--|
| +15V UNBAL     | OFF  |
| -15V UNBAL     | OFF  |
| +15V FUSE      | OFF  |
| -15V FUSE      | OFF  |
| POWER ON       | ON   |
| LASER CURRENT  | OFF  |
| RETUNE FAILURE | If on, should go off after RETUNE switch is depressed.           |
| RETUNE         | Light goes off approximately 9 seconds after switch is released. |

- e. Disconnect plug to 5501A REFERENCE SIGNAL connector and check for a proper signal as shown in Table 4-4.
- f. Reconnect all cables and observe red beam emitted from 5501A. DO NOT STARE DIRECTLY INTO BEAM.

Table 4-4. Reference Signal

| Reference Signal Connector Pin | Signal |
|--------------------------------|--------|
| C                              |        |
| D                              |        |

#### 4-6. INSTRUMENT ACCESS

4-7. Access to the assemblies within the laser head is required to troubleshoot or adjust the laser head circuits. The following paragraphs describe how to remove the laser head covers and how to remove and reinstall the major assemblies.

### WARNING

**HIGH VOLTAGES ARE GENERATED WITHIN THE LASER HEAD HOUSING. THE COVER OF THE LASER HEAD CONTROLS A SAFETY INTERLOCK SWITCH TO PREVENT ACCIDENTAL ACCESS TO THESE VOLTAGES; TO ENSURE SAFETY AND POSSIBLE EQUIPMENT DAMAGE, HOWEVER, ALWAYS DISCONNECT THE POWER SOURCE FROM THE LASER HEAD BEFORE REMOVING THE COVERS.**

- 4-8. To remove the front panel and side covers from the laser head, perform the following steps:
- Rotate the front-panel turret so that the large opening is at the bottom and the slotted, 1/4-turn fastener is visible through the opening.
  - Using a suitable screwdriver, rotate the fastener 1/4-turn in the counterclockwise direction.
  - Remove the front panel by gently pulling the panel straight away from the laser head.
  - Remove the two half-covers by gently pulling each cover outward and forward. This releases the edges of the covers from the retaining grooves along the edges of the rear panel.
- 4-9. To remove the A5 Lock Reference Board Assembly, perform the following steps:
- Remove the two machine screws that secure the lock reference board to the A4 Beam Splitter Assembly. These two screws also retain the circular shroud that covers the two photodiodes mounted on the board.
  - Remove the two machine screws that secure the lock reference board to the U-shaped, sheet-metal sub-panel.
  - Gently remove the board from the mating connector.
- 4-10. To remove the A7 Control Board Assembly, perform the following steps:
- Remove the two machine screws that secure the control board to the U-shaped, sheet-metal sub-panel.
  - Gently remove the board from the mating connector.
- 4-11. To remove the A1 Connector Board Assembly, perform the following steps:
- Remove the four machine screws that secure the rear panel and remove the panel.
  - Remove the two machine screws that mount the connector board to the cast base plate of the unit.
  - Label and remove the eight wires that connect to the back side of the connector board. These wires use separate pin connectors and should be disconnected by gently pulling the wires straight away from the connector board.
  - Remove the two machine screws and nuts that attach the 21-pin, molded-plastic connector to the connector board and remove the connector board.
- 4-12. Remove the laser tube according to the following procedure:

### **WARNING**

**THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURE REQUIRES THE REMOVAL OF HIGH VOLTAGE POWER CONNECTIONS FROM THE LASER TUBE. IT IS POSSIBLE FOR SOME VOLTAGE POTENTIAL TO REMAIN ON THESE CONNECTIONS, AND IF THE POTENTIAL IS NOT DISCHARGED ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURE, INJURY TO SERVICE PERSONNEL CAN RESULT.**

- Disconnect the high voltage power supply connection from the laser tube by rotating the white, knurled fastener in the counterclockwise direction; hold the wire from rotating with the fastener. **DO NOT TOUCH THE SPRING-LOADED CONTACT.**
- Momentarily place the spring-loaded high voltage contact on a suitable power supply return point such as the cast base plate on which the laser tube is mounted.
- Remove the laser tube cathode connection (located on the side of the glass portion of the laser tube) by pulling the connector cap straight away from the laser tube.
- Place the laser head on its side and, while supporting the tube with one hand, remove the four tube mounting screws, which are accessible from the bottom of the cast base plate. When installing the laser tube, tighten the two countersunk, crosspoint screws first, then tighten the two allen head cap screws. This ensures that the laser tube is properly aligned.
- Gently remove the laser tube far enough to disconnect the PZT anode lead, which is located at the rear center of the tube, then remove the tube.

- 4-13. Remove the A6 PZT Power Supply Assembly according to the following procedure:

**WARNING**

**THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURE REQUIRES THE REMOVAL OF HIGH VOLTAGE POWER CONNECTIONS FROM THE LASER TUBE. IT IS POSSIBLE FOR SOME VOLTAGE POTENTIAL TO REMAIN ON THESE CONNECTIONS, AND IF THE POTENTIAL IS NOT DISCHARGED ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURE, INJURY TO SERVICE PERSONNEL CAN RESULT.**

- a. Remove the A1 Connector Board Assembly as previously described in this section of the manual.
  - b. Disconnect the PZT anode connection from the rear of the laser tube. DO NOT TOUCH THE METAL TIP OF THE CONNECTOR.
  - c. Momentarily place the metal connector tip to a suitable power supply return point such as the cast base plate on which the laser tube is mounted. This will remove the possibility of a shock hazard from the anode lead.
  - d. Remove the three recessed machine screws (from the top) that secure the PZT power supply to the cast base plate, and remove the power supply from the unit.
- 4-14. Remove the A2 High Voltage Power Supply Assembly according to the following procedure:

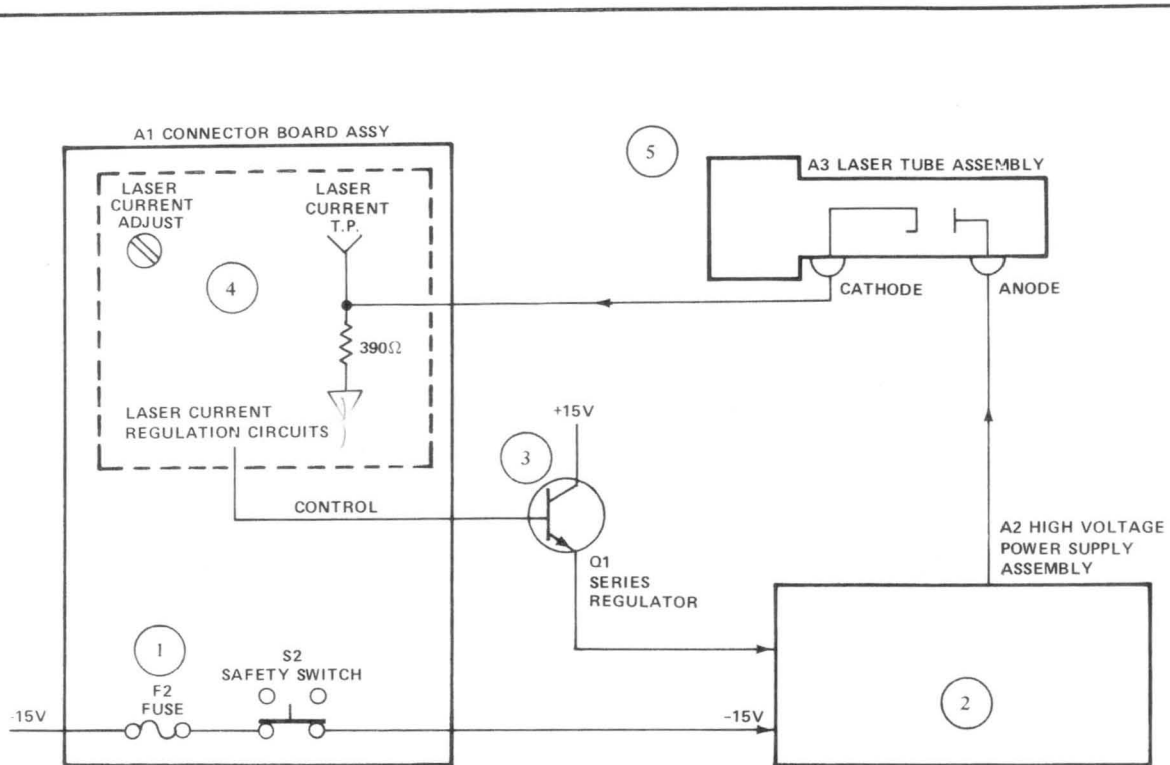
**WARNING**

**THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURE REQUIRES THE REMOVAL OF HIGH VOLTAGE POWER CONNECTIONS FROM THE LASER TUBE. IT IS POSSIBLE FOR SOME VOLTAGE POTENTIAL TO REMAIN ON THESE CONNECTIONS, AND IF THE POTENTIAL IS NOT DISCHARGED ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURE, INJURY TO SERVICE PERSONNEL CAN RESULT.**

- a. Remove the high voltage power supply connector from the laser tube by rotating the white, knurled fastener in the counterclockwise direction; hold the wire from rotating with the fastener. DO NOT TOUCH THE SPRING-LOADED CONTACT.
- b. Momentarily place the spring-loaded high voltage contact to a suitable power supply return point such as the cast base plate on which the laser tube is mounted.
- c. Disconnect the three remaining power supply leads from the pin connectors on the A1 Connector Board Assembly.
- d. Using a suitable allen wrench, loosen the three screws on each forward side of the cast base plate. These screws secure the U-shaped, sheet-metal sub-panel in a retaining groove at the front of the cast base plate.
- e. Carefully lift and rotate the U-shaped sub-panel (with circuit board assemblies attached) until it can be gently rested on top of the laser tube.
- f. Remove the two recessed machine screws (from the top) that attach the high voltage power supply to the cast base plate.
- g. Remove the encapsulated power supply module from the unit.

**4-15. TROUBLESHOOTING**

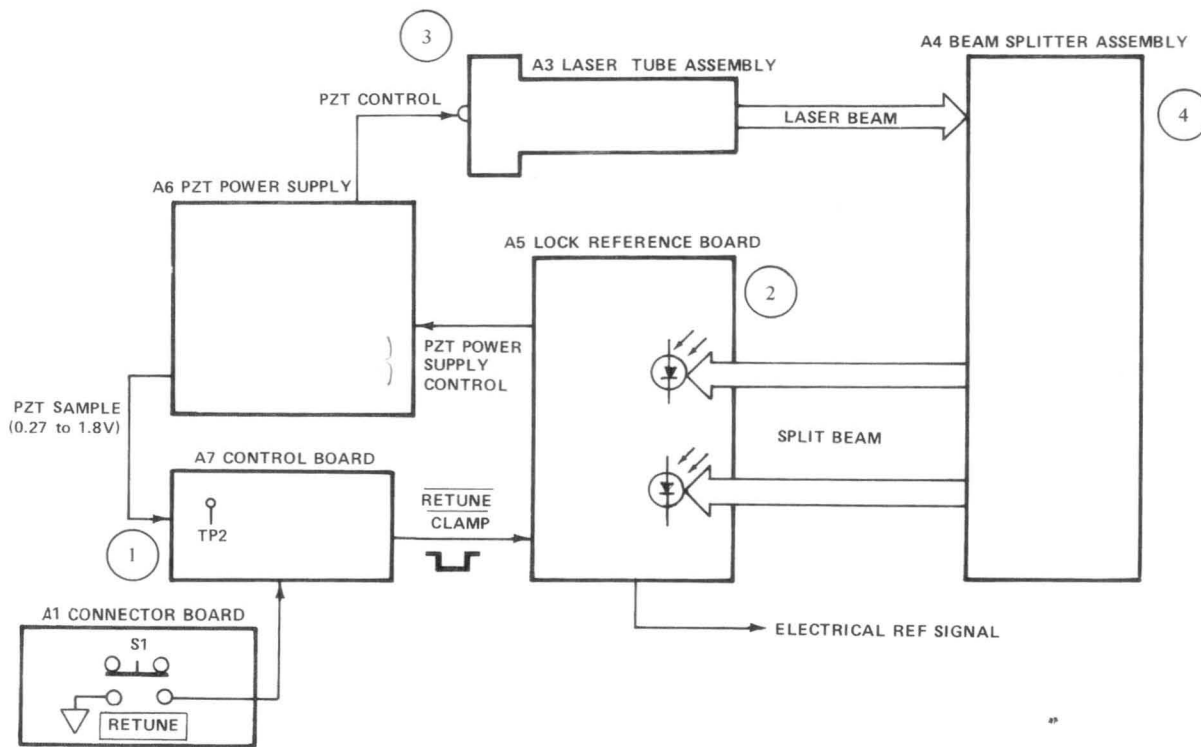
4-16. If the 5501A fails any part of the performance check or an operational failure occurs, use the Troubleshooting Flow Chart (Figure 4-1) to isolate the failure to the faulty module. Further fault isolation to the component level may then be accomplished by referring to the functional diagram of Figure 7-4 and the accompanying theory in Section III. In the Troubleshooting Flow Chart (Figure 4-1), adjustment procedures are referenced when required. The module location and schematic diagrams (in Section VII of this manual) are also provided to help the troubleshooter.



Items listed in order of *most probable* cause of failure:

- ①
  - a. Check -15V input.
  - b. Check Fuse F2.
  - c. Check that safety switch S2 is engaged and functioning correctly.
- ②
  - a. Check A2 High Voltage Power Supply.
  - b. If A2 is replaced, perform *laser current adjustment*.
- ③
  - a. Check Q1 series regulator.
  - b. If replaced, perform *laser current adjustment*.
- ④
  - a. Check A1 connector board assembly.
  - b. If replaced, perform *laser current adjustment*.
- ⑤
  - a. Check A3 laser tube.
  - b. Perform *laser current adjustment*.
  - c. Perform *reference threshold adjustment*.

Figure 4-2. Laser Current Loop Failure Analysis



Items listed in order of *most probable* cause of failure:

- ①
  - a. Check PZT Power Supply by measuring +0.27V to +1.8V at A7(TP2).
  - b. Replace power supply if readings are incorrect.
- ②
  - a. Check/Replace A5 Lock Reference Board Assembly.
  - b. Perform *reference threshold adjustment*.
  - c. Perform *photo-diode off-set adjustment*.
- ③
  - a. Check/Replace A3 Laser Tube Assembly.
  - b. Perform *laser current adjustment*.
  - c. Perform *reference threshold adjustment*.
- ④
  - a. Replace A5 Lock Reference Assembly.
  - b. Perform *reference threshold adjustment*.

Figure 4-3. Automatic Retune Loop Failure Analysis

Table 4-5. Module Adjustment Requirements

| Module Replaced              | Adjustment Required                                 |
|------------------------------|---|
| A1 Connector Board           | Laser Current Adj.                                  |
| A2 High Voltage Power Supply | Laser Current Adj.                                  |
| A3 Laser Tube Assembly       | Laser Current Adj.<br>Reference Threshold Adj.      |
| A4 Beam Splitter Assembly    | Reference Threshold Adj.                            |
| A5 Lock Reference Board      | Reference Threshold Adj.<br>Photodiode Off-set Adj. |
| A6 PZT Power Supply          | Reference Threshold Adj.                            |

#### 4-17. ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES

4-18. The Lock Reference Board Assembly (05501-60204) and the Connector Board Assembly (05501-60201) are the only 5501A field-adjustable modules. Perform the adjustment procedures either as a troubleshooting check or when certain modules are replaced. Table 4-5 lists the 5501A modules and the adjustment requirements that result from replacement of these modules.

#### 4-19. Lock Reference Board Adjustments

4-20. Two adjustments are performed on the A5 Lock Reference Board Assembly: the reference threshold adjustment, and the photodiode offset adjustment.

4-21. REFERENCE THRESHOLD ADJUSTMENT. Perform the reference threshold adjustment when troubleshooting the laser head or when any of the following assemblies are replaced:

- A3 Laser Tube Assembly
- A4 Beam Splitter Assembly
- A5 Lock Reference Board Assembly
- A6 PZT Power Supply Assembly

4-22. The recommended test equipment is:

- HP 1707 Oscilloscope or equivalent (ac noise measurements)
- HP 5300/5306 Multimeter/Counter (dc voltage measurements)

#### NOTE

Since the laser head covers are removed, the connector board safety switch, A1S2, must be closed for the laser head to operate.

4-23. Make the adjustment according to the following procedure (refer to Figure 4-4):

- a. Block laser beam as shown in Figure 4-5.
- b. Measure peak-to-peak ambient noise at A5TP3 with oscilloscope.
- c. Divide this peak-to-peak value by two.
- d. Measure static dc level at A5TP7 with oscilloscope or voltmeter.
- e. Record the larger of the values obtained in steps c and d.
- f. Monitor A5TP8 with a DVM or oscilloscope, and adjust the threshold potentiometer, A5R42, for a dc voltage equal to twice the value recorded in step e (see Figure 4-4).

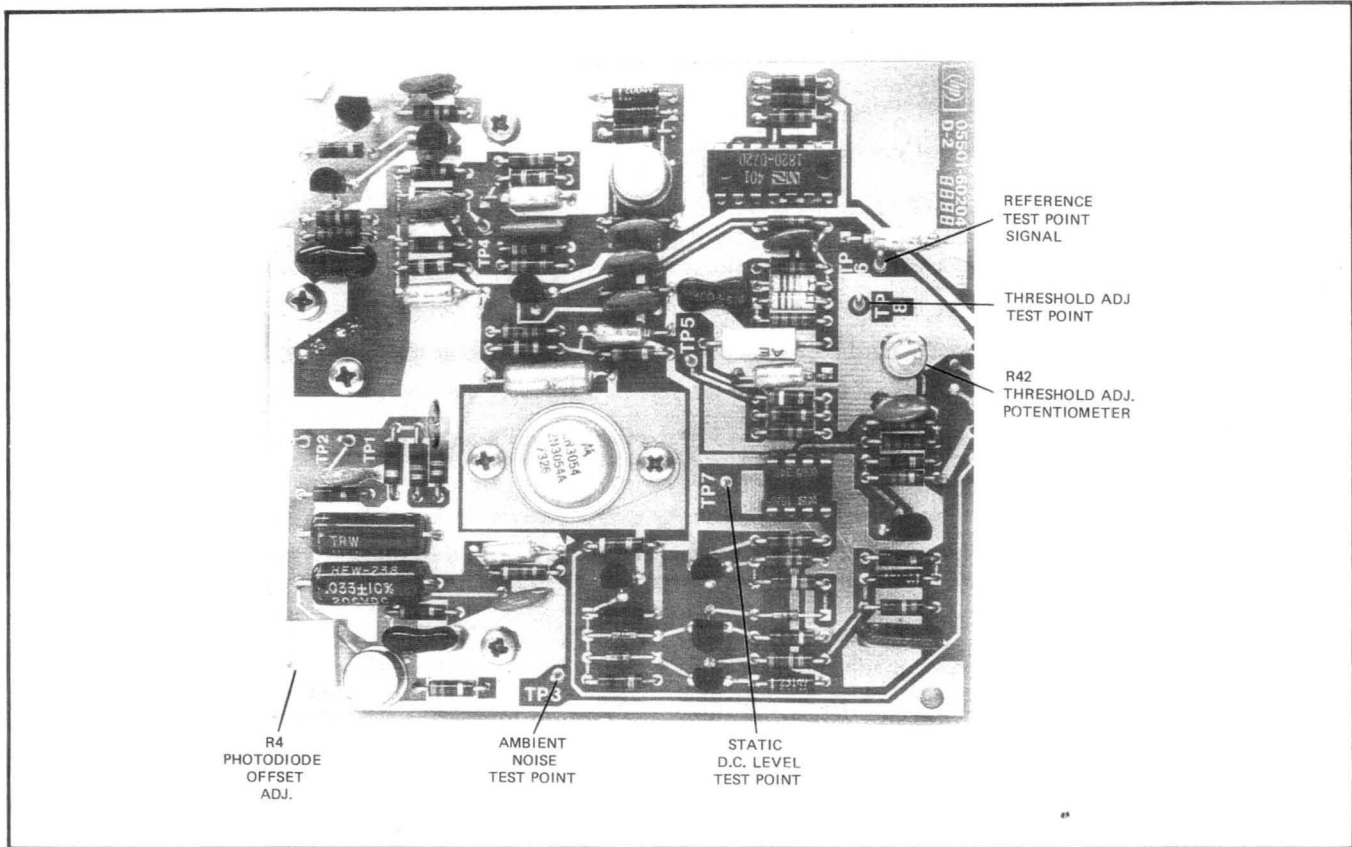


Figure 4-4. A5 Lock Reference Board Adjustment Locations

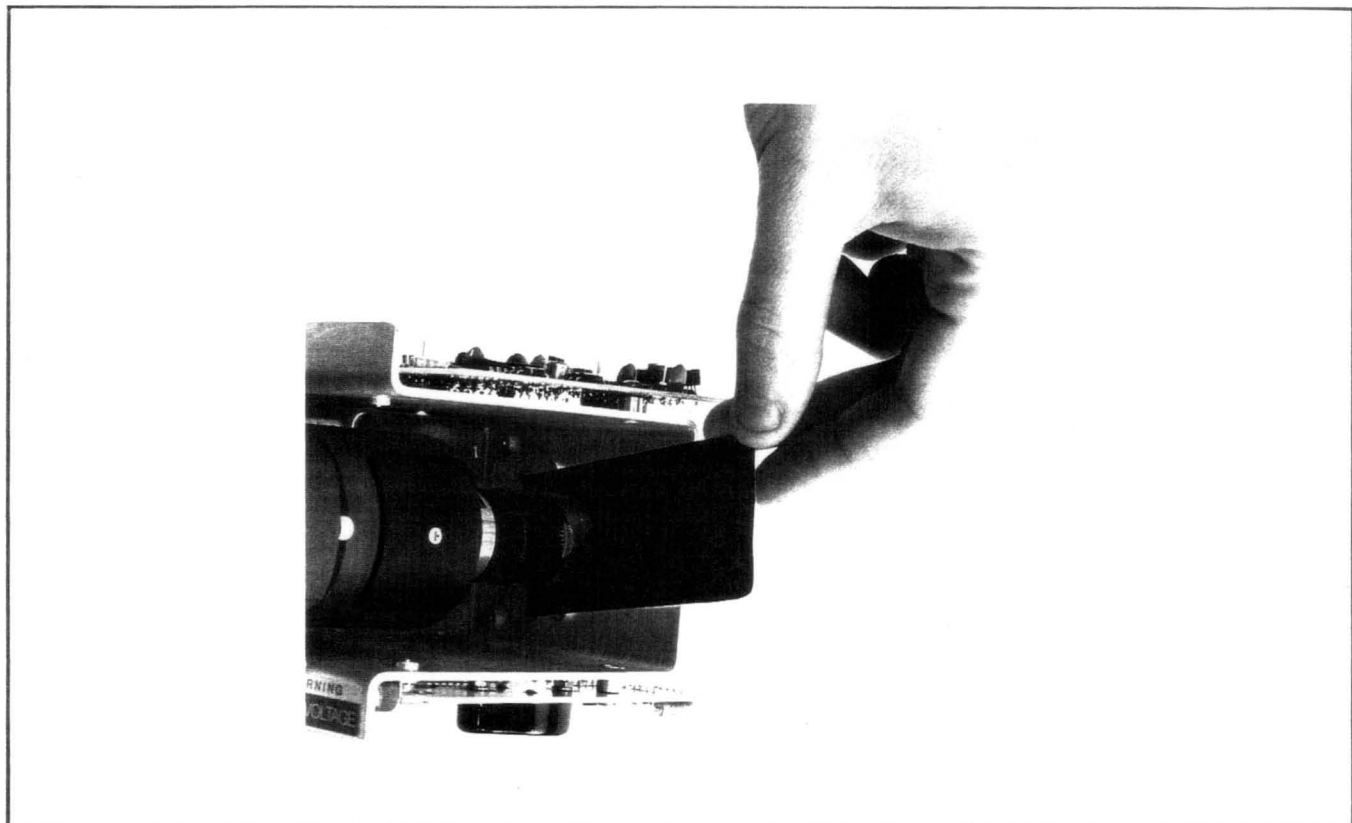


Figure 4-5. Laser Beam Blocking Method

- g. Remove beam obstruction (inserted in step a).
- h. Depress RETUNE pushbutton. Proper indications are:
  - 1) RETUNE FAILURE indicator extinguishes immediately.
  - 2) RETUNE indicator goes out nine seconds after switch is depressed.

4-24. PHOTODIODE OFFSET ADJUSTMENT. This adjustment must be performed when the Lock Reference Board Assembly is replaced. The HP 5300/5306 (2 MHz frequency counter capability) or equivalent is recommended. (An oscilloscope can also be used to measure the 2 MHz signal by expanding the horizontal scale.)

4-25. Make the adjustment according to the following procedure (refer to Figure 4-4):

- a. Connect counter probe to A5TP6.
- b. Adjust A5R4 for maximum frequency (or minimum period if an oscilloscope is used).

#### 4-26. Laser Tube Current Adjustment

4-27. Although all laser tubes appear to be identical, each has a slightly different current rating. Adjusting the laser current regulator circuits for the correct current ensures optimum tube operation and output beam bandwidth.

4-28. Perform the laser current adjustment when the laser tube is operating improperly (i.e., flashing on and off) or when any of the following are replaced:

- A1 Connector Board Assembly
- A2 High Voltage Power Supply Assembly
- A3 Laser Tube Assembly
- A1 chassis-mounted series regulator

4-29. Recommended Test Equipment:

- HP 5300/5306 Multimeter/Counter (dc voltage measurement)

4-30. This procedure is performed by adjusting the current regulator circuit while monitoring voltage across the laser tube cathode resistor, A1R16 (refer to Figure 4-6). The regulator circuits and the cathode resistor are mounted on the A1 Connector Board Assembly. The voltage across the 390-ohm cathode resistor is determined by the laser tube current. Therefore the correct voltage is calculated by multiplying the rated tube current by 390. Adjust current as follows:

#### NOTE

Since the laser head covers are removed, the safety switch, A1S2 (located on the connector board), must be actuated for the laser current circuits to operate.

- a. Read the rated current stamped on the tube plate (this value is typically 2.6 mA to 5.1 mA).
- b. Multiply this value by 390 (calculated value is typically 1.0 to 2.0 volts).
- c. While monitoring the laser current test point, adjust the laser current potentiometer, A1R11, for the value obtained in step b.



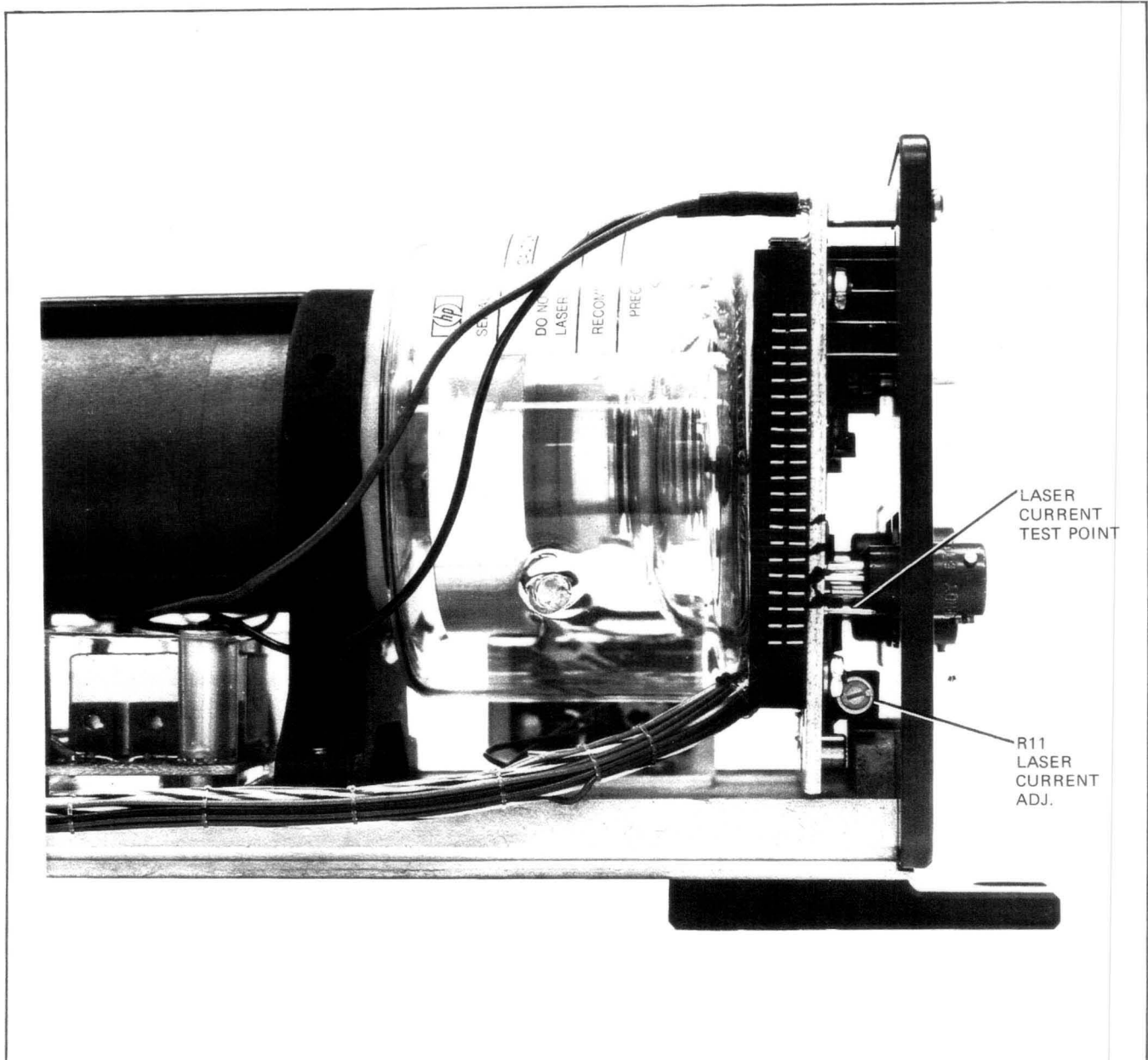


Figure 4-6. Laser Current Adjustment Locations

## SECTION V REPLACEABLE PARTS

### 5-1. INTRODUCTION

5-2. This section contains information for ordering replacement parts. Table 5-1 lists parts in alphanumeric order of reference designations and provides the following information on each part:

- a. Hewlett-Packard part number.
- b. Description of part (see abbreviations below).
- c. Total quantity used in the instrument. (The total quantity appears after the first entry for a given part.)
- d. Typical manufacturer of the part in a five-digit code (see list of manufacturers in Table 5-2).
- e. Manufacturer's part number.

5-3. Miscellaneous parts are listed at the end of Table 5-1.

### 5-4. ORDERING INFORMATION

5-5. To obtain replacement parts, address order to your local Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office listed at the back of this manual. Identify parts by their Hewlett-Packard part number. To obtain a part that is not listed, include:

- a. Instrument model number.
- b. Instrument serial number.
- c. Description of the part.
- d. Function and location of the part.

#### REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS

|    |  |    |   |    |  |    |                                      |
|----|--|----|---|----|--|----|--------------------------------------|
| A  | = assembly   | E  | = miscellaneous electrical part                   | MP | = miscellaneous mechanical part                | TP | = test point                         |
| AT | = attenuator; isolator; termination                            | F  | = fuse  | P  | = electrical connector (movable portion); plug | U  | = integrated circuit; microcircuit   |
| B  | = fan; motor   | FL | = filter  |    |  | V  | = electron tube                      |
| BT | = battery  | H  | = hardware  |    |  | VR | = voltage regulator; breakdown diode |
| C  | = capacitor  | HY | = circulator                                      | Q  | = transistor; SCR; triode thyristor            | W  | = cable; transmission path; wire     |
| CP | = coupler  | J  | = electrical connector (stationary portion); jack | R  | = resistor                                     | X  | = socket                             |
| CR | = diode; diode thyristor; varactor                             |    |   | RT | = thermistor                                   | Y  | = crystal unit-piezo-electric        |
| DC | = directional coupler  | K  | = relay   | S  | = switch                                       | Z  | = tuned cavity; tuned circuit        |
| DL | = delay line   | L  | = coil; inductor                                  | T  | = transformer                                  |    |                                      |
| DS | = annunciator; signaling device (audible or visual); lamp; LED | M  | = meter   | TB | = terminal board                               |    |                                      |
|    |  |    |   | TC | = thermocouple                                 |    |                                      |

#### ABBREVIATIONS

|        |                               |      |                             |       |   |       |                                 |
|--------|-------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|-------|---|-------|---------------------------------|
| A      | = ampere                      | BCD  | = binary coded decimal      | COMP  | = composition                                 | °K    | = degree Kelvin                 |
| ac     | = alternating current         | BD   | = board                     | COMPL | = complete                                    | DEPC  | = deposited carbon              |
| ACCESS | = accessory                   | BE   | = beryllium copper          | CONN  | = connector                                   | DET   | = detector                      |
| ADJ    | = adjustment                  | BFO  | = beat frequency oscillator | CP    | = cadmium plate                               | diam  | = diameter                      |
| A/D    | = analog-to-digital           | BH   | = binder head               | CRT   | = cathode-ray tube                            | DIA   | = diameter (used in parts list) |
| AF     | = audio frequency             | BKDN | = breakdown                 | CTL   | = complementary transistor logic              | DIFF  | = differential amplifier        |
| AFC    | = automatic frequency control | BP   | = bandpass                  | CW    | = continuous wave                             | AMPL  | = division                      |
| AGC    | = automatic gain control      | BPF  | = bandpass filter           | cw    | = clockwise                                   | div   | = double-pole, double-throw     |
| AL     | = aluminum                    | BRS  | = brass                     | D/A   | = digital-to-analog                           | DPDT  | = drive                         |
| ALC    | = automatic level control     | BWO  | = backward-wave oscillator  | dB    | = decibel                                     | DR    | = double sideband               |
| AM     | = amplitude modulation        |      |                             | dBm   | = decibel referred to 1 mW                    | DSB   | = diode transistor logic        |
| AMPL   | = amplifier                   | CAL  | = calibrate                 | dc    | = direct current                              | DVM   | = digital voltmeter             |
| APC    | = automatic phase control     | ccw  | = counterclockwise          | deg   | = degree (temperature interval or difference) | ECL   | = emitter coupled logic         |
| ASSY   | = assembly                    | CER  | = ceramic                   | ...°  | = degree (plane angle)                        | EMF   | = electromotive force           |
| AUX    | = auxiliary                   | CHAN | = channel                   | °C    | = degree Celsius (centigrade)                 | EDP   | = electronic data processing    |
| avg    | = average                     | cm   | = centimeter                | °F    | = degree Fahrenheit                           | ELECT | = electrolytic                  |
| AWG    | = american wire gauge         | CMO  | = coaxial                   |       |   |       |                                 |
| BAL    | = balance                     | COEF | = coefficient               |       |   |       |                                 |
|        |                               | COM  | = common                    |       |   |       |                                 |

Table 5-1. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Qty | Description   | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number  |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----|---|----------|------------------|
| A1                    | 05501-60201    | 1   | CONNECTOR BOARD ASSEMBLY                            | 28480    | 05501-60201      |
| A1C1                  | 0180-1746      | 4   | CAPACITOR-FXD; 15UF+-10% 20VDC TA-SOLID             | 56289    | 150D156X902082   |
| A1C2                  | 0180-1746      | 4   | CAPACITOR-FXD; 15UF+-10% 20VDC TA-SOLID             | 56289    | 150D156X902082   |
| A1C3                  | 0180-0230      | 4   | CAPACITOR-FXD; 1UF+-20% 50VDC TA-SOLID              | 56289    | 150D105X0050A2   |
| A1C4                  | 0180-0228      | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD; 22UF+-10% 15VDC TA-SOLID             | 56289    | 150D226X901592   |
| A1C5                  | 0180-0097      | 2   | CAPACITOR-FXD, 47UF ± 10% 35VDC TA                  | 04200    | 150D476X9035S2   |
| A1C6                  | 0180-1746      | 2   | CAPACITOR-FXD; 15UF+-10% 20VDC TA-SOLID             | 56289    | 150D156X902082   |
| A1C7                  | 0160-2327      | 2   | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20% 100WVDC CER              | 28480    | 0160-2327        |
| A1C8                  | 0160-0137      | 2   | CAPACITOR-FXD .33UF ± 20% 25WVDC CER                | 28480    | 0160-0137        |
| A1C9                  | 0160-0137      | 2   | CAPACITOR-FXD .33UF ± 20% 25WVDC CER                | 28480    | 0160-0137        |
| A1CR1                 | 1901-0040      | 8   | DIODE-SWITCHING 2NS 30V 50MA                        | 28480    | 1901-0040        |
| A1CR2                 | 1901-0040      | 8   | DIODE-SWITCHING 2NS 30V 50MA                        | 28480    | 1901-0040        |
| A1CR3                 | 1902-3002      | 1   | DIODE-ZNR 2.37V 5% DO-7 PD=.4W TC=-.074%            | 04713    | SZ 10939-2       |
| A1CR4                 | 1901-0040      | 1   | DIODE-SWITCHING 2NS 30V 50MA                        | 28480    | 1901-0040        |
| A1CR5                 | 1901-0040      | 1   | DIODE-SWITCHING 2NS 30V 50MA                        | 28480    | 1901-0040        |
| A1CR6                 | 1902-0556      | 1   | DIODE-ZNR 20V 5% DO-15 PD=1W TC=+.073%              | 28480    | 1902-0556        |
| A1DS1                 | 1990-0485      | 8   | LED-VISIBLE   | 28480    | 1990-0485        |
| A1DS2                 | 1990-0485      | 8   | LED-VISIBLE   | 28480    | 1990-0485        |
| A1DS3                 | 1990-0485      | 8   | LED-VISIBLE   | 28480    | 1990-0485        |
| A1DS4                 | 1990-0485      | 8   | LED-VISIBLE   | 28480    | 1990-0485        |
| A1DS5                 | 1990-0485      | 8   | LED-VISIBLE   | 28480    | 1990-0485        |
| A1DS6                 | 1990-0485      | 8   | LED-VISIBLE   | 28480    | 1990-0485        |
| A1DS7                 | 1990-0485      | 8   | LED-VISIBLE   | 28480    | 1990-0485        |
| A1DS8                 | 1990-0485      | 8   | LED-VISIBLE   | 28480    | 1990-0485        |
| A1F1                  | 2110-0002      | 2   | FUSE 2A 250V 1.25X.25 IEC                           | 71400    | AGC-2            |
| A1F2                  | 2110-0002      | 2   | FUSE 2A 250V 1.25X.25 IEC                           | 71400    | AGC-2            |
| A1J1                  | 1251-3449      | 1   | CONNECTOR; 4-CONT; FEM; CIRCULAR                    | 09922    | BT02E8-4SHH41    |
| A1J2                  | 1251-3448      | 1   | CONNECTOR; 4-CONT; FEM; CIRCULAR                    | 09922    | BT02E8-4SH41     |
| A1J3                  | 1251-3140      | 1   | CONNECTOR; CIRCULAR                                 | 28480    | 1251-3140        |
| A1Q1                  | 1854-0071      | 10  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT=200MHZ                | 28480    | 1854-0071        |
| A1Q2                  | 1853-0020      | 2   | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=300MW FT=150MHZ                | 28480    | 1853-0020        |
| A1Q3                  | 1853-0016      | 1   | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-92 PD=300MW                    | 28480    | 1853-0016        |
| A1Q4                  | 1854-0071      | 1   | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT=200MHZ                | 28480    | 1854-0071        |
| A1Q5                  | 1854-0071      | 1   | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT=200MHZ                | 28480    | 1854-0071        |
| A1R1                  | 0757-0446      | 2   | RESISTOR 15k 1% .125W, FTC = 0 ± 100                | 03292    | C4-1/8-T0-1502F  |
| A1R2                  | 0757-0446      | 2   | RESISTOR 15k 1% .125W, FTC = 0 ± 100                | 03292    | C4-1/8-T0-1502F  |
| A1R3                  | 0683-1325      | 4   | RESISTOR 1.3K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700               | 01121    | C81325           |
| A1R4                  | 0683-1325      | 4   | RESISTOR 1.3K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700               | 01121    | C81325           |
| A1R5                  | 0683-1325      | 4   | RESISTOR 1.3K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700               | 01121    | C81325           |
| A1R6                  | 0683-1325      | 3   | RESISTOR 1.3K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700               | 01121    | C81325           |
| A1R7                  | 0683-3615      | 3   | RESISTOR 360 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600                | 01121    | C83615           |
| A1R8                  | 0683-3615      | 3   | RESISTOR 360 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600                | 01121    | C83615           |
| A1R9                  | 0683-3615      | 3   | RESISTOR 360 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600                | 01121    | C83615           |
| A1R10                 | 0757-0924      | 3   | RESISTOR 1K 2% .125W F TC=0+-100                    | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1001-G |
| A1R11                 | 2100-2522      | 1   | RESISTOR-VAR TRMR 10KOHM 10% C SIDE ADJ             | 19701    | FT50X103         |
| A1R12                 | 0757-0926      | 1   | RESISTOR 1.2K 2% .125W F TC=0+-100                  | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1201-G |
| A1R13                 | 0757-0446      | 1   | RESISTOR 15k 1% .125W, FTC = 0 ± 100                | 03292    | C4-1/8-T0-1502F  |
| A1R14                 | 0683-1035      | 14  | RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700                | 01121    | C81035           |
| A1R15                 | 0757-0902      | 1   | RESISTOR 120 2% .125W F TC=0+-100                   | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-121-G  |
| A1R16                 | 0757-0914      | 1   | RESISTOR 390 2% .125W F TC=0+-100                   | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-391-G  |
| A1R17                 | 0683-3015      | 1   | RESISTOR 300 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600                | 01121    | C83015           |
| A1R18                 | 0683-1035      | 1   | RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700                | 01121    | C81035           |
| A1R19                 | 0683-1035      | 1   | RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700                | 01121    | C81035           |
| A1R20                 | 0683-1035      | 1   | RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700                | 01121    | C81035           |
| A1R21                 | 0683-1035      | 1   | RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700                | 01121    | C81035           |
| A1S1                  | 3101-0647      | 1   | SWITCH; PB 1-STA RECT SPDT                          | 09353    | P8121CX          |
| A1S2                  | 3101-2116      | 1   | SWITCH-SENS SPDT 5A 250VAC                          | 28480    | 3101-2116        |
| A1U1                  | 1820-0174      | 1   | IC SN74 04 N  | 01295    | SN7404N          |
| A1XF1                 | 2110-0269      | 2   | FUSEHOLDER-CLIP TYPE .25FUSE                        | 28480    | 2110-0269        |
| A1XF2                 | 2110-0269      | 2   | FUSEHOLDER-CLIP TYPE .25FUSE                        | 28480    | 2110-0269        |
| A2                    | 05501-60208    | 1   | HIGH VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY ASSEMBLY (NON-REPAIRABLE) | 28480    | 05501-60208      |
| A3                    | 05501-60006    | 1   | LASER TUBE ASSEMBLY                                 | 28480    | 05501-60006      |
| A4                    | 05501-60005    | 1   | BEAM SPLITTER ASSEMBLY                              | 28480    | 05501-60005      |

See introduction to this section for ordering information

Table 5-1. Replaceable Parts (cont'd)

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Qty | Description                                   | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number  |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----|---|----------|------------------|
| A5R31                 | 0683-3325      | 1   | RESISTOR 3.3K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700         | 01121    | CR3325           |
| A5R32                 | 0683-3925      | 1   | RESISTOR 3.9K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700         | 01121    | CR3925           |
| A5R33                 | 0683-2415      | 1   | RESISTOR 240 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600          | 01121    | CR2415           |
| A5R34                 | 0683-3025      | 1   | RESISTOR 3K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700           | 01121    | CR3025           |
| A5R35                 | 0683-1035      | 1   | RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600          | 01121    | CR1035           |
| A5R36                 | 0683-4725      | 1   | RESISTOR 4.7K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700         | 01121    | CR4725           |
| A5R37                 | 0683-2235      | 1   | RESISTOR 22K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800          | 01121    | CR2235           |
| A5R38                 | 0683-5115      | 1   | RESISTOR 510 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600          | 01121    | CR5115           |
| A5R39                 | 0683-1025      | 1   | RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600           | 01121    | CR1025           |
| A5R40                 | 0683-3335      | 2   | RESISTOR 33K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800          | 01121    | CR3335           |
| A5R41                 | 0683-1535      | 1   | RESISTOR 15K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800          | 01121    | CR1535           |
| A5R42                 | 2100-1986      | 1   | RESISTOR-VAR TRMR 1KOHM 10% C TOP ADJ         | 84048    | 170-102          |
| A5R43                 | 0683-1035      | 1   | RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700          | 01121    | CR1035           |
| A5R44                 | 0683-1535      | 1   | RESISTOR 15K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800          | 01121    | CR1535           |
| A5R45                 | 0683-3335      | 1   | RESISTOR 33K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800          | 01121    | CR3335           |
| A5R46                 | 0683-2025      | 1   | RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700           | 01121    | CR2025           |
| A5R47                 | 0698-8812      | 1   | RESISTOR 1 5% .25W F TC = 0 + - 100           | 28480    | 0698-8812        |
| A5R48                 | 0683-3025      | 1   | RESISTOR 3K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700           | 01121    | CR3025           |
| A5R49                 | 0683-1815      | 1   | RESISTOR 180 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700          | 01121    | CR1815           |
| A5U1                  | 1826-0035      | 1   | IC LM308AH                                    | 27014    | LM308AH          |
| A5U2                  | 1820-0475      | 1   | IC LM306H                                     | 27014    | LM306H           |
| A5U3                  | 1820-0720      | 1   | IC DM88 30N                                   | 27014    | DM8830N          |
| A5U4                  | 1826-0065      | 6   | IC LM311N                                     | 27014    | LM311N           |
| A6                    | 05501-60203    | 1   | PZT POWER SUPPLY ASSEMBLY<br>(NON-REPAIRABLE) | 28480    | 05501-60203      |
| A7                    | 05501-80205    | 1   | Control Board Assembly                        | 28480    | 05501-80205      |
| A7C1                  | 0180-0160      | 1   | Capacitor-Fxd; 22UF, ± 20%, 35VDC             | 04200    | 1500226X0035R2   |
| A7C2                  | 0180-0160      | 1   | Capacitor-Fxd; 22UF, ± 20%, 35VDC             | 04200    | 1500226X0035R2   |
| A7C3                  | 0160-3879      | 1   | Capacitor-Fxd; 01UF, 100VDC                   | 28480    | 0160-3879        |
| A7C4                  | 0180-0106      | 1   | Capacitor-Fxd; 60UF, 6VDC                     | 56289    | 1500606X0006B2   |
| A7C5                  | 0160-3879      | 1   | Capacitor-Fxd; 01UF, 100VDC                   | 28480    | 0160-3879        |
| A7C6                  | 0160-3879      | 1   | Capacitor-Fxd; 01UF, 100VDC                   | 28480    | 0160-3879        |
| A7C7                  | 0160-2327      | 1   | Capacitor-Fxd; 1000PF±20%                     | 28480    | 0160-2327        |
| A7C8                  | 0180-0210      | 1   | Capacitor-Fxd; 3.3UF, 15VDC                   | 56289    | 1500335X0015A2   |
| A7C9                  | 0180-0210      | 1   | Capacitor-Fxd; 3.3UF, 15VDC                   | 56289    | 1500335X0015A2   |
| A7C10                 | 0180-0291      | 1   | Capacitor-Fxd; 1UF, 35VDC                     | 56289    | 1500105X9035A2   |
| A7C11                 | 0160-2055      | 1   | Capacitor-Fxd; 01UF±80-20%<br>100VDC          | 28480    | 0160-2055        |
| A7C12                 | 0180-0210      | 1   | Capacitor-Fxd; 3.3UF, 15VDC                   | 56289    | 1500335X0015A2   |
| A7C13                 | 0160-3879      | 1   | Capacitor-Fxd; 01UF, 100VDC                   | 28480    | 0160-3879        |
| A7C14                 | 0160-3879      | 1   | Capacitor-Fxd; 01UF, 100VDC                   | 28480    | 0160-3879        |
| A7C15                 | 0180-1746      | 1   | Capacitor-Fxd; 15UF, 20VDC                    | 56289    | 1500156X9020B2   |
| A7C16                 | 0180-1746      | 1   | Capacitor-Fxd; 22UF, 35VDC                    | 56289    | 1500224X9020B2   |
| A7C17                 | 0180-0291      | 1   | Capacitor-Fxd; 1UF, 35VDC                     | 56289    | 1500105X9035A2   |
| A7C18                 | 0180-0291      | 1   | Capacitor-Fxd; 1UF, 35VDC                     | 56289    | 1500105X9035A2   |
| A7C19                 | 0160-3879      | 1   | Capacitor-Fxd; 01UF, 100VDC                   | 28480    | 0160-3879        |
| A7CR1                 | 1901-0040      | 1   | Diode, 30V 50MA                               | 28480    | 1901-0040        |
| A7Q1                  | 1854-0071      | 1   | Transistor NPN SI PD=300MW<br>FT=200MHz       | 28480    | 1854-0071        |
| A7Q2                  | 1854-0071      | 1   | Transistor NPN SI PD=300MW<br>FT=200MHz       | 28480    | 1854-0071        |
| A7Q3                  | 1854-0071      | 1   | Transistor NPN SI PD=300MW<br>FT=200MHz       | 28480    | 1854-0071        |
| A7R1                  | 0683-1025      | 1   | Resistor 1K 5% .25W                           | 01121    | CR1025           |
| A7R2                  | 0683-3935      | 1   | Resistor 39K 5% .25W                          | 01121    | CR3935           |
| A7R3                  | 0683-1035      | 1   | Resistor 10K 5% .25W                          | 01121    | CR1035           |
| A7R4                  | 0683-2025      | 1   | Resistor 2K 5% .25W                           | 01121    | CR2025           |
| A7R5                  | 0683-6235      | 1   | Resistor 62K 5% .25W                          | 01121    | CR6235           |
| A7R6                  | 0683-2755      | 1   | Resistor 2.7M 5% .25W                         | 01121    | CR2755           |
| A7R7                  | 0683-1025      | 1   | Resistor 1K 5% .25W                           | 01121    | CR1025           |
| A7R8                  | 0698-3132      | 1   | Resistor 261 1% .125W                         | 03292    | CA-1/8-TO-2610F  |
| A7R9                  | 0683-1035      | 1   | Resistor 10K 5% .25W                          | 01121    | CR1025           |
| A7R10                 | 0757-0278      | 1   | Resistor 1.78k 1% .125W                       | 03292    | CA-1/8-TO-1781-F |
| A7R11                 | 0757-1093      | 1   | Resistor 3k 1% .125W                          | 03292    | CA-1/8-TO-3001-F |
| A7R12                 | 0683-4735      | 1   | Resistor 47K 5% .25W                          | 01121    | CR4735           |
| A7R13                 | 0683-1035      | 1   | Resistor 10K 5% .25W                          | 01121    | CR1025           |
| A7R14                 | 0683-2755      | 1   | Resistor 2.7M 5% .25W                         | 01121    | CR2755           |
| A7R15                 | 0683-3035      | 1   | Resistor 30K 5% .25W                          | 01121    | CR3035           |
| A7R16                 | 0683-2035      | 1   | Resistor 20K 5% .25W                          | 01121    | CR2035           |
| A7R17                 | 0683-6835      | 1   | Resistor 68K 5% .25W                          | 01121    | CR6835           |
| A7R18                 | 0683-1025      | 1   | Resistor 1K 5% .25W                           | 01121    | CR1025           |
| A7R19                 | 0683-1025      | 1   | Resistor 1K 5% .25W                           | 01121    | CR1025           |
| A7R20                 | 0757-1093      | 1   | Resistor 3k 1% .125W                          | 03292    | CA-1/8-TO-3001-F |
| A7R21                 | 0683-1035      | 1   | Resistor 10K 5% .25W                          | 01121    | CR1035           |
| A7R22                 | 0683-1025      | 1   | Resistor 1K 5% .25W                           | 01121    | CR1025           |
| A7R23                 | 0683-6235      | 1   | Resistor 62K 5% .25W                          | 01121    | CR6235           |
| A7R24                 | 0683-2755      | 1   | Resistor 2.7M 5% .25W                         | 01121    | CR6235           |
| A7R25                 | 0683-6235      | 1   | Resistor 62K 5% .25W                          | 01121    | CR6235           |
| A7U1                  | 1820-0587      | 1   | IC DM74L 10N                                  | 27014    | DM74L10N         |
| A7U2                  | 1826-0065      | 1   | IC LM311N                                     | 27014    | LM311N           |
| A7U3                  | 1826-0065      | 1   | IC LM311N                                     | 27014    | LM311N           |
| A7U4                  | 1820-0511      | 1   | IC SN74 08N                                   | 01295    | SN7408N          |
| A7U5                  | 1826-0065      | 1   | IC LM311N                                     | 27014    | LM311N           |
| A7U6                  | 1826-0065      | 1   | IC LM311N                                     | 27014    | LM311N           |
| A7U7                  | 1820-0583      | 2   | IC DM74L 00N                                  | 27014    | DM74L00N         |
| A7U8                  | 1820-0583      | 2   | IC DM74L 00N                                  | 27014    | DM74L00N         |
| A7U9                  | 1826-0065      | 1   | IC LM311N                                     | 27014    | LM311N           |
| A7U10                 | 1820-0730      | 1   | IC MULTIVIBRATOR                              | 34335    | 96L02DC          |
| A7U11                 | 1820-0730      | 1   | IC MULTIVIBRATOR                              | 34335    | 96L02DC          |
| A7U12                 | 1820-0430      | 1   | +5V REGULATOR                                 | 27014    | LM309K           |

See introduction to this section for ordering information

### ABBREVIATIONS (CONTINUED)

|         |   |         |   |         |  |       |  |
|---------|---|---------|---|---------|--|-------|--|
| ENCAP   | = encapsulated                                      | min     | = minute (time)   | PIV     | = peak inverse voltage                       | TFT   | = thin-film transistor                           |
| EXT     | = external  | ...     | = minute (plane angle)                                  | pk      | = peak                                       | TGL   | = toggle   |
| F       | = farad   | MINAT   | = miniature   | PL      | = phase lock                                 | THD   | = thread   |
| FET     | = field-effect transistor                           | mm      | = millimeter  | PLO     | = phase lock oscillator                      | THRU  | = through  |
| F/F     | = flip-flop   | MOD     | = modulator   | PM      | = phase modulation                           | TI    | = titanium                                       |
| FH      | = flat head   | MOM     | = momentary   | PNP     | = positive-negative-positive                 | TOL   | = tolerance                                      |
| FOL H   | = fillister head                                    | MOS     | = metal-oxide semiconductor                             | P/O     | = part of                                    | TRIM  | = trimmer  |
| FM      | = frequency modulation                              | ms      | = millisecond   | POLY    | = polystyrene                                | TSTR  | = transistor                                     |
| FP      | = front panel                                       | MTG     | = mounting  | PORC    | = porcelain                                  | TTL   | = transistor-transistor logic                    |
| FREQ    | = frequency   | MTR     | = meter (indicating device)                             | POS     | = positive; position(s) (used in parts list) | TV    | = television                                     |
| FXD     | = fixed   | mV      | = millivolt   | POT     | = potentiometer                              | TVI   | = television interference                        |
| g       | = gram  | mVac    | = millivolt, ac   | PP      | = peak-to-peak                               | TWT   | = traveling wave tube                            |
| GE      | = germanium   | mVdc    | = millivolt, dc   | PP      | = peak-to-peak (used in parts list)          | U     | = micro (10 <sup>-6</sup> ) (used in parts list) |
| GHz     | = gigahertz   | mVpk    | = millivolt, peak                                       | PPM     | = pulse-position modulation                  | UF    | = microfarad (used in parts list)                |
| GL      | = glass   | mVp-p   | = millivolt, peak-to-peak                               | PREAMPL | = preamplifier                               | UHF   | = ultrahigh frequency                            |
| GND     | = ground(ed)  | mWrms   | = milliwatt, rms  | PRF     | = pulse-repetition frequency                 | UNREG | = unregulated                                    |
| H       | = henry   | mW      | = milliwatt   | PRR     | = pulse repetition rate                      | V     | = volt   |
| h       | = hour  | MUX     | = multiplex   | ps      | = picosecond                                 | VA    | = voltampere                                     |
| HET     | = heterodyne  | MY      | = mylar   | PT      | = pulse-time modulation                      | Vac   | = volts ac                                       |
| HEX     | = hexagonal   | μA      | = microampere   | PTM     | = pulse-time modulation                      | VAR   | = variable                                       |
| HD      | = head  | μF      | = microfarad  | PWM     | = pulse-width modulation                     | VCO   | = voltage-controlled oscillator                  |
| HDW     | = hardware  | μH      | = microhenry  | PWV     | = peak working voltage                       | Vdc   | = volts dc                                       |
| HF      | = high frequency                                    | μmho    | = micromho  | RC      | = resistance capacitance                     | VDCW  | = volts dc, working (used in parts list)         |
| HG      | = mercury   | μs      | = microsecond   | RECT    | = rectifier                                  | V(F)  | = volts, filtered                                |
| HI      | = high  | μV      | = microvolt   | REF     | = reference                                  | VFO   | = variable-frequency oscillator                  |
| HP      | = Hewlett-Packard                                   | μVac    | = microvolt, ac   | REG     | = regulated                                  | VHF   | = very-high frequency                            |
| HPF     | = high pass filter                                  | μVdc    | = microvolt, dc   | REPL    | = replaceable                                | Vpk   | = volts peak                                     |
| HR      | = hour (used in parts list)                         | μVpk    | = microvolt, peak                                       | RF      | = radio frequency                            | Vp-p  | = Volts peak-to-peak                             |
| HV      | = high voltage                                      | μVp-p   | = microvolt, peak-to-peak                               | RFI     | = radio frequency interference               | Vrms  | = volts rms                                      |
| Hz      | = Hertz   | μVrms   | = microvolt, rms  | RH      | = round head; right hand                     | VSWR  | = voltage standing wave ratio                    |
| IC      | = integrated circuit                                | μW      | = microwatt   | RLC     | = resistance-inductance-capacitance          | VTO   | = voltage-tuned oscillator                       |
| ID      | = inside diameter                                   | nA      | = nanoampere  | RMO     | = rack mount only                            | VTVM  | = vacuum-tube voltmeter                          |
| IF      | = intermediate frequency                            | NC      | = no connection   | rms     | = root-mean-square                           | V(X)  | = volts, switched                                |
| IMPG    | = impregnated                                       | N/C     | = normally closed                                       | RND     | = round                                      | W     | = watt   |
| in      | = inch  | NE      | = neon  | ROM     | = read-only memory                           | W/    | = with   |
| INCD    | = incandescent                                      | NEG     | = negative  | R&P     | = rack and panel                             | WIV   | = working inverse voltage                        |
| INCL    | = include(s)  | nF      | = nanofarad   | RWV     | = reverse working voltage                    | WW    | = wirewound                                      |
| INP     | = input   | NI PL   | = nickel plate  | S       | = scattering parameter                       | W/O   | = without  |
| INS     | = insulation  | N/O     | = normally open   | s       | = second (time)                              | YIG   | = yttrium-iron-garnet                            |
| INT     | = internal  | NOM     | = nominal   | ..."    | = second (plane angle)                       | Zo    | = characteristic impedance                       |
| kg      | = kilogram  | NORM    | = normal  | S-B     | = slow-blow (fuse (used in parts list)       |       |  |
| kHz     | = kilohertz   | NPN     | = negative-positive-negative                            | SCR     | = silicon controlled rectifier; screw        |       |  |
| kΩ      | = kilohm  | NPO     | = negative-positive zero (zero temperature coefficient) | SE      | = selenium                                   |       |  |
| kV      | = kilovolt  | NRFR    | = not recommended for field replacement                 | SECT    | = sections                                   |       |  |
| lb      | = pound   | NSR     | = not separately replaceable                            | SEMICON | = semiconductor                              |       |  |
| LC      | = inductance-capacitance                            | ns      | = nanosecond  | SHF     | = superhigh frequency                        |       |  |
| LED     | = light-emitting diode                              | nW      | = nanowatt  | SI      | = silicon                                    |       |  |
| LF      | = low frequency                                     | OBD     | = order by description                                  | SIL     | = silver                                     |       |  |
| LG      | = long  | OD      | = outside diameter                                      | SL      | = slide                                      |       |  |
| LH      | = left hand   | OH      | = oval head   | SNR     | = signal-to-noise ratio                      |       |  |
| LIM     | = limit   | OP AMPL | = operational amplifier                                 | SPDT    | = single-pole, double-throw                  |       |  |
| LIN     | = linear taper (used in parts list)                 | OPT     | = option  | SPG     | = spring                                     |       |  |
| lin     | = linear  | OSC     | = oscillator  | SR      | = split ring                                 |       |  |
| LK WASH | = lockwasher  | OX      | = oxide   | SPST    | = single-pole, single-throw                  |       |  |
| LO      | = low; local oscillator                             | oz      | = ounce   | SSB     | = single sideband                            |       |  |
| LOG     | = logarithmic taper (used in parts list)            | Ω       | = ohm   | SST     | = stainless steel                            |       |  |
| log     | = logarithm(ic)                                     | P       | = peak (used in parts list)                             | STL     | = steel                                      |       |  |
| LPF     | = low pass filter                                   | PAM     | = pulse-amplitude modulation                            | SQ      | = square                                     |       |  |
| LV      | = low voltage                                       | PC      | = printed circuit                                       | SWR     | = standing-wave ratio                        |       |  |
| m       | = meter (distance)                                  | PCM     | = pulse-code modulation; pulse-count modulation         | SYNC    | = synchronize                                |       |  |
| mA      | = milliampere                                       | PDM     | = pulse-duration modulation                             | T       | = timed (slow-blow fuse)                     |       |  |
| MAX     | = maximum   | pF      | = picofarad   | TA      | = tantalum                                   |       |  |
| MΩ      | = megohm  | PH BRZ  | = phosphor bronze                                       | TC      | = temperature compensating                   |       |  |
| MEG     | = meg (10 <sup>6</sup> ) (used in parts list)       | PHL     | = Phillips  | TD      | = time delay                                 |       |  |
| MET FLM | = metal film  | PIN     | = positive-intrinsic-negative                           | TERM    | = terminal                                   |       |  |
| MET OX  | = metal oxide                                       |         |   |         |  |       |  |
| MF      | = medium frequency; microfarad (used in parts list) |         |   |         |  |       |  |
| MFR     | = manufacturer                                      |         |   |         |  |       |  |
| mg      | = milligram   |         |   |         |  |       |  |
| MHz     | = megahertz   |         |   |         |  |       |  |
| mH      | = millihenry  |         |   |         |  |       |  |
| mho     | = mho   |         |   |         |  |       |  |
| MIN     | = minimum   |         |   |         |  |       |  |

#### NOTE

All abbreviations in the parts list will be in upper case.

#### MULTIPLIERS

| Abbreviation | Prefix | Multiple          |
|--------------|--------|-------------------|
| T            | tera   | 10 <sup>12</sup>  |
| G            | giga   | 10 <sup>9</sup>   |
| M            | mega   | 10 <sup>6</sup>   |
| k            | kilo   | 10 <sup>3</sup>   |
| da           | deka   | 10                |
| d            | deci   | 10 <sup>-1</sup>  |
| c            | centi  | 10 <sup>-2</sup>  |
| m            | milli  | 10 <sup>-3</sup>  |
| μ            | micro  | 10 <sup>-6</sup>  |
| n            | nano   | 10 <sup>-9</sup>  |
| p            | pico   | 10 <sup>-12</sup> |
| f            | femto  | 10 <sup>-15</sup> |
| a            | atto   | 10 <sup>-18</sup> |

Table 5-1. Replaceable Parts (cont'd)

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Qty | Description   | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----|---|----------|-----------------|
| A5                    | 05501-60204    | 1   | LOCK REFERENCE BOARD ASSEMBLY                       | 28480    | 05501-60204     |
| A5C 1                 | 0180-0116      | 7   | CAPACITOR-FXD; 6.8UF+-10% 35VDC TA                  | 56289    | 150D685X9035A2  |
| A5C 2                 | 0180-0291      |     | CAPACITOR-FXD; 1UF+-10% 35VDC TA-SOLID              | 56289    | 150D105X9035A2  |
| A5C 3                 | 0150-0050      |     | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +80-20% 1000WVDC               | 28480    | 0150-0050       |
| A5C 4                 | 0180-0291      |     | CAPACITOR-FXD; 1UF+-10% 35VDC TA-SOLID              | 56289    | 150D105X9035A2  |
| A5C 5                 | 0160-0945      |     | CAPACITOR-FXD 910PF +-5% 100WVDC MICA               | 28480    | 0160-0945       |
| A5C 6                 | 0180-0291      | 9   | CAPACITOR-FXD; 1UF+-10% 35VDC TA-SOLID              | 56289    | 150D105X9035A2  |
| A5C 7                 | 0160-2055      |     | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100WVDC CER             | 28480    | 0160-2055       |
| A5C 8                 | 0160-0163      |     | CAPACITOR-FXD .033UF +-10% 200WVDC POLYF            | 56289    | 292P33392       |
| A5C 9                 | 0160-2055      |     | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100WVDC CER             | 28480    | 0160-2055       |
| A5C 10                | 0160-0163      |     | CAPACITOR-FXD .033UF +-10% 200WVDC POLYF            | 56289    | 292P33392       |
| A5C 11                | 0160-2204      | 2   | CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF +-5% 300WVDC MICA               | 28480    | 0160-2204       |
| A5C 12                | 0160-2055      |     | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100WVDC CER             | 28480    | 0160-2055       |
| A5C 13                | 0180-0291      |     | CAPACITOR-FXD; 1UF+-10% 35VDC TA-SOLID              | 56289    | 150D105X9035A2  |
| A5C 14                | 0160-3060      |     | CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 25WVDC CER                 | 28480    | 0160-3060       |
| A5C 15                | 0160-2055      |     | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100WVDC CER             | 28480    | 0160-2055       |
| A5C 16                | 0160-2055      | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100WVDC CER             | 28480    | 0160-2055       |
| A5C 17                | 0180-0291      |     | CAPACITOR-FXD; 1UF+-10% 35VDC TA-SOLID              | 56289    | 150D105X9035A2  |
| A5C 18                | 0160-2055      |     | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100WVDC CER             | 28480    | 0160-2055       |
| A5C 19                | 0160-2055      |     | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100WVDC CER             | 28480    | 0160-2055       |
| A5C 20                | 0160-2055      |     | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100WVDC CER             | 28480    | 0160-2055       |
| A5C 21                | 0160-2204      | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF +-5% 300WVDC MICA               | 28480    | 0160-2204       |
| A5C 22                | 0160-0161      |     | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10% 200WVDC POLYF             | 56289    | 292P10392       |
| A5C 23                | 0180-0155      |     | CAPACITOR-FXD; 2.2UF+-20% 20VDC TA                  | 56289    | 150D225X0020A2  |
| A5C 24                | 0160-0128      |     | CAPACITOR-FXD; 2.2UF +-20% 50VDC CER                | 28480    | 0160-0128       |
| A5CR1                 | 05500-80003    | 1   | PHOTO-DIODE: SILICON (MATCHED PAIR FOR CR1 AND CR2) | 28480    | 05500-80003     |
| A5CR2                 | SEE A5CR1      |     |   |          |                 |
| A5CR3                 | 1902-0184      |     | DIODE-ZNR 16.2V 5% DO-7 PD=.4W TC=+.066%            | 04713    | SZ 10939-242    |
| A5CR4                 | 1901-0040      |     | DIODE-SWITCHING 2NS 30V 50MA                        | 28480    | 1901-0040       |
| A5CR5                 | 1902-3149      |     | DIODE-ZNR 9.09V 5% DO-7 PD=.4W TC=+.057%            | 04713    | SZ 10939-170    |
| A5CR6                 | 1901-0040      | 1   | DIODE-SWITCHING 2NS 30V 50MA                        | 28480    | 1901-0040       |
| A5CR7                 | 1901-0040      |     | DIODE-SWITCHING 2NS 30V 50MA                        | 28480    | 1901-0040       |
| A5CR8                 | 1902-3252      |     | DIODE-ZNR 22.6V 2%                                  | 28480    | 1902-3252       |
| A5CR9                 | 1902-0049      |     | DIODE-ZNR 6.19V 5% DO-7 PD=.4W TC=+.022%            | 04713    | SZ 10939-122    |
| A5CR10                | 1910-0034      |     | DIODE-SWITCHING 8NS 30V 80MA                        | 28480    | 1910-0034       |
| A5CR11                | 1910-0034      | 1   | DIODE-SWITCHING 8NS 30V 80MA                        | 28480    | 1910-0034       |
| A5CR12                | 1902-3182      |     | DIODE-ZNR 12.1V 5% DO-7 PD=.4W TC=+.064%            | 04713    | SZ 10939-206    |
| A5Q1                  | 1854-0071      | 4   | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT=200MHZ                | 28480    | 1854-0071       |
| A5Q2                  | 1854-0215      |     | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=310MW FT=300MHZ                | 04713    | SPS 3611        |
| A5Q3                  | 1354-0215      |     | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=310MW FT=300MHZ                | 04713    | SPS 3611        |
| A5Q4                  | 1854-0215      |     | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=310MW FT=300MHZ                | 04713    | SPS 3611        |
| A5Q5                  | 1854-0071      |     | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT=200MHZ                | 28480    | 1854-0071       |
| A5Q6                  | 1854-0071      | 1   | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT=200MHZ                | 28480    | 1854-0071       |
| A5Q7                  | 1853-0020      |     | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=300MW FT=150MHZ                | 28480    | 1853-0020       |
| A5Q8                  | 1854-0215      |     | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=310MW FT=300MHZ                | 04713    | SPS 3611        |
| A5Q9                  | 1854-0071      |     | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT=200MHZ                | 28480    | 1854-0071       |
| A5Q10                 | 1854-0072      |     | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N3054 SI TO-66 PD=25W               | 02735    | 2N3054          |
| A5R 1                 | 0683-1255      | 1   | RESISTOR 1.2M 5% .25W FC TC=-900/+1100              | 01121    | CB1255          |
| A5R 2                 | 0683-1015      |     | RESISTOR 100 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500                | 01121    | CB1015          |
| A5R 3                 | 0683-3945      |     | RESISTOR 390K 5% .25W FC TC=-800/+900               | 01121    | CB3945          |
| A5R 4                 | 2100-0644      |     | RESISTOR-VAR TRMR 2MOHM 20% C TOP ADJ               | 73138    | 72PR2M          |
| A5R 5                 | 0683-5635      |     | RESISTOR 56K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800                | 01121    | CB5635          |
| A5R 6                 | 0683-2425      | 2   | RESISTOR 2.4K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700               | 01121    | CB2425          |
| A5R 7                 | 0683-4735      |     | RESISTOR 47K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800                | 01121    | CB4735          |
| A5R 8                 | 0683-2035      |     | RESISTOR 20K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800                | 01121    | CB2035          |
| A5R 9                 | 0683-2035      |     | RESISTOR 20K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800                | 01121    | CB2035          |
| A5R 10                | 0683-5125      |     | RESISTOR 5.1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700               | 01121    | CB5125          |
| A5R 11                | 0683-1645      | 1   | RESISTOR 160K 5% .25W FC TC=-800/+900               | 01121    | CB1645          |
| A5R 12                | 0683-3635      |     | RESISTOR 36K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800                | 01121    | CB3635          |
| A5R 13                | 0683-4715      |     | RESISTOR 470 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600                | 01121    | CB4715          |
| A5R 14                | 0683-1035      |     | RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700                | 01121    | CB1035          |
| A5R 15                | 0683-3025      |     | RESISTOR 3K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700                 | 01121    | CB3025          |
| A5R 16                | 0683-1535      | 1   | RESISTOR 15K 5% .25W                                | 01607    | CB1535          |
| A5R 17                | 0683-6235      |     | RESISTOR 62K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800                | 01121    | CB6235          |
| A5R 18                | 0683-1545      |     | RESISTOR 150K 5% .25W FC TC=-800/+900               | 01121    | CB1545          |
| A5R 19                | 0683-1035      |     | RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700                | 01121    | CB1035          |
| A5R 20                | 0683-1345      |     | RESISTOR 130K 5% .25W FC TC=-800/+900               | 01121    | CB1345          |
| A5R 21                | 0683-1015      | 2   | RESISTOR 100 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500                | 01121    | CB1015          |
| A5R 22                | 0683-6835      |     | RESISTOR 68K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800                | 01121    | CB6835          |
| A5R 23                | 0683-2025      |     | RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700                 | 01121    | CB2025          |
| A5R 24                | 0683-1535      |     | RESISTOR 15K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800                | 01121    | CB1535          |
| A5R 25                | 0683-9125      |     | RESISTOR 9.1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700               | 01121    | CB9125          |
| A5R 26                | 0683-2425      | 1   | RESISTOR 2.4K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700               | 01121    | CB2425          |
| A5R 27                | 0683-4315      |     | RESISTOR 430 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600                | 01121    | CB4315          |
| A5R 28                | 0683-1025      |     | RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600                 | 01121    | CB1025          |
| A5R 29                | 0683-1545      |     | RESISTOR 150K 5% .25W FC TC=-800/+900               | 01121    | CB1545          |
| A5R 30                | 0683-3635      |     | RESISTOR 36K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800                | 01121    | CB3635          |

See introduction to this section for ordering information

Model 5501A  
Replaceable Parts

Table 5-1. Replaceable Parts (cont'd)

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Qty | Description  | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----|--|----------|-----------------|
|                       |                |     | MISC. & CHASSIS MOUNTED PARTS                        |          |                 |
| Q1                    | 1854-0063      | 1   | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N3055 SI TO-3 PD=115W                | 28480    | 1854-0063       |
| W1                    | 05501-60001    | 1   | CABLE ASSY, MAIN                                     | 28480    | 05501-60001     |
| W2                    | 05501-60004    | 1   | CABLE ASSY, CATHODE                                  | 28480    | 05501-60004     |
| XQ1                   | 1200-0041      | 1   | SOCKET, ELEC, XSTR 2-CONT TO-3 PKG SLDR              | 00014    | PTS-1           |
|                       |                |     | MISCELLANEOUS PARTS                                  |          |                 |
|                       | 0510-0027      | 1   | RETAINER, PUSH ON, .25 DIA, CAD PLT STL              | 97464    | 6100-25-ST-CD   |
|                       | 1000-0352      | 1   | WINDOW PLANE   | 28480    | 1000-0352       |
|                       | 1251-3447      | 1   | CONNECTOR; 4-CONT; CIRCULAR<br>(MATES WITH J1)       | 09922    | BT06EC8-4P      |
|                       | 1251-3450      | 1   | CONNECTOR; 4-CONT; MALE; CIRCULAR<br>(MATES WITH J2) | 09922    | BT06EC8-4P      |
|                       | 1251-3749      | 1   | STRAIN RELIEF  | 28480    | 1251-3749       |
|                       | 7120-2444      | 1   | LABEL; IDENT; "5501A LASER TRANSDUCER"               | 28480    | 7120-2444       |
|                       | 7120-5180      | 1   | LABEL; "CAUTION"                                     | 28480    | 7120-5180       |
|                       | 7120-3731      | 1   | LABEL, HV WARNING                                    | 28480    | 7120-3731       |
|                       | 7122-0097      | 1   | SER PLT "SERIAL NO; HEWLETT PACKARD-                 | 28480    | 7122-0097       |
|                       | 9320-1744      | 3   | LABEL, MAGNETIC                                      | 28480    | 9320-1744       |
|                       | 05501-00001    | 1   | SUPPORT, LATCH                                       | 28480    | 05501-00001     |
|                       | 05501-00003    | 1   | COVER, LEFT  | 28480    | 05501-00003     |
|                       | 05501-00005    | 1   | SHIELD   | 28480    | 05501-00005     |
|                       | 05501-20001    | 1   | PANEL, FRONT   | 28480    | 05501-20001     |
|                       | 05501-20002    | 1   | PANEL, REAR  | 28480    | 05501-20002     |
|                       | 05501-20003    | 3   | FOOT, MOUNTING                                       | 28480    | 05501-20003     |
|                       | 05501-20006    | 1   | BASE, LASER  | 28480    | 05501-20006     |
|                       | 05501-20014    | 1   | INSULATOR, SHORT                                     | 28480    | 05501-20014     |
|                       | 05501-20015    | 1   | INSULATOR, LONG                                      | 28480    | 05501-20015     |
|                       | 05501-40001    | 1   | HOLDER, PHOTODIODE                                   | 28480    | 05501-40001     |
|                       | 05501-40003    | 1   | MOUNT, SHUTTER                                       | 28480    | 05501-40003     |
|                       | 05501-40004    | 1   | SHUTTER  | 28480    | 05501-40004     |
|                       | 05501-60007    | 1   | COVER ASSEMBLY, RIGHT                                | 28480    | 05501-60007     |
|                       | 05500-80002    | 1   | LABEL; "HP AND DATE"                                 | 28480    | 05500-80002     |
| Note 1                | 10778A,B,C     |     | 5, 10, 20 Metres Power Cable                         | 28480    | 10778A,B,C      |
| Note 1                | 10779A,B,C     |     | 5, 10, 20 Metres Reference Cable                     | 28480    | 10779A,B,C      |

Note 1: These cables are not supplied, order separately.

See introduction to this section for ordering information

Table 5-2. Manufacturers Code List

| Mfr.<br>Number | Manufacturer Name                                     | City               | ZIP<br>Code |
|----------------|---|--------------------|-------------|
| 00014          | Any Supplier of U.S.A.                                |                    |             |
| 01121          | Allen Bradley Co.                                     | Milwaukee, WI      | 53212       |
| 01295          | Texas Instruments, Inc., Semiconductor Component Div. | Dallas, TX         | 75231       |
| 02735          | RCA Corp., Solid State Division                       | Sommerville, NJ    | 08876       |
| 04713          | Motorola Semiconductor Products                       | Phoenix, AZ        | 85008       |
| 09353          | C and K Components, Inc.                              | Watertown, MA      | 02172       |
| 09922          | Brundy Corp.  | Norwalk, CT        | 06852       |
| 11502          | TRW, Inc., Boone Division                             | Boone, NC          | 28607       |
| 19701          | Mepco/Electra Corp.                                   | Mineral Wells, TX  | 76067       |
| 24546          | Corning Glass Works (Bradford)                        | Bradford, PA       | 16701       |
| 27014          | National Semiconductor Corp.                          | Santa Clara, CA    | 95051       |
| 28480          | Hewlett-Packard Company, Corporate Headquarters       | Palo Alto, CA      | 94304       |
| 34335          | Advanced Micro Devices, Inc.                          | Sunnyvale, CA      | 94086       |
| 56289          | Sprague Electric Co.                                  | North Adams, MA    | 01247       |
| 71400          | Bussman Mfg., Division of McGraw-Edison Co.           | St. Louis, MO      | 63017       |
| 73138          | Beckman Instruments Inc., Helipot Division            | Fullerton, CA      | 92634       |
| 77820          | Bendix Corp., Electronic Component Division           | Sidney, NY         | 13838       |
| 84048          | TRW Inc., St. Petersburg Division                     | St. Petersburg, FL | 33702       |
| 97464          | Industrial Retaining Ring Co.                         | Irvington, NJ      | 07111       |



## SECTION VI

### MANUAL CHANGES AND OPTIONS

#### 6-1. INTRODUCTON

6-2. This section of the manual contains information necessary to update the manual to cover newer instruments and to backdate the manual to cover older instruments. Additionally, options available for the laser head are described in this section.

#### 6-3. MANUAL CHANGES

6-4. This manual applies directly to units having serial number prefix 1736A, except for 1736A 00592 (see Table 6-1). For units with different serial number prefixes, refer to the following paragraphs.

#### 6-5. Newer Instruments

6-6. Newer instruments may have higher serial number prefixes than those listed on the title page of this manual. The manuals for these units will include "Manual Changes" sheets that describe all required manual changes. If the updating information is missing, contact the local HP Sales and Service Office for information.

#### 6-7. Older Instruments

6-8. Table 6-1 lists the serial numbers and serial number prefixes of units that differ electrically from the units documented in this manual. Find the prefix of range of serial numbers that corresponds to your unit, and make the manual changes specified in Table 6-1.

*Table 6-1. Backdating*

| Serial Number<br>or Prefix                                | Make These Manual Changes  |
|---|--|
| 1948  | 1  |
| 1736  | 1, 2   |
| 1736A00592  | 1, 2, 3  |
| 1732A   | 1, 2, 3, 4   |
| 1724A   | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5  |
| 1712A00396, 425,<br>427-430, 432, 433,<br>436, 439, 440   | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5  |
| 1712A   | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6   |
| 1628A   | 1 thru 7   |
| 1620A   | 1-8  |
| 1616A   | 1-9  |
| 1612A   | 1-10   |
| 1604A   | 1-11   |
| 1544A   | 1-12   |
| 1436A (Note)  | 1-13   |
| 1424A and 1428A<br>with serial numbers<br>00121 and above | 1-14   |
| 1424A and 1428A with<br>serial numbers below<br>00121     | 1 through 14. Also, some units require 15<br>through 17. Determine which changes are<br>applicable by physical inspection of unit. |
| 1404A   | 1 through 17   |

**NOTE**

Unit serial numbers 1436A00197, 1436A00199, 1436A00200, 1436A00208, 1436A00215, and 1436A00216 include change 11.

**Change 1:**

Page 1-1, Paragraph 1-12:

Change paragraph to read: "The Laser Head is supplied with a power cable 05501-60009 and a reference cable 05501-60008."

Page 5-6, Table 5-1, Replaceable Parts:

Delete 10778ABC listing. Delete 10779ABC listing. Delete Note 1. Add 05501-60009 Power Cable 28480 05501-60009. Add 05501-60008 Reference Cable 28480 05501-60008.

**Change 2:**

Page 1-1, Paragraph 1-12:

Change paragraph to read: "Three plugs that mate with the laser head rear-panel jacks are included with the laser head. System interconnection of the laser head is accomplished by fabricating suitable cables that terminate with these plugs. Refer to Section II of this manual for cable fabricating instructions.

Page 5-6, Table 5-1, Replaceable Parts:

Delete 05501-60009 and listing. Delete 05501-60008 and listing.

**Change 3:**

Page 5-3, Table 5-1, and page 7-13, Figure 7-13, change A2 from 05501-60208 to 05501-60206. (Parts list and Schematic Diagram)

**Change 4:**

Page 5-3, delete A1C8 and A1C9.

Page 7-11, replace A1C8 and A1C9 with straight through connections.

**Change 5:**

Page 5-7, change A7R11 to 0757-0289 RESISTOR 13.3K 1% .125W, 28480, 0757-0289.

Change A7R20 to 0683-1335 RESISTOR 13K 5% .25W, 28480, 0683-1335.

Page 7-19, change A7R11 to 13.3K. Change A7R20 to 13K.

**Change 6:**

Page 5-3, change A1R1 and A1R2 to 0683-1535 RESISTOR 15K 5% .25W, 28480, 0683-1535.

Change A1R13 to 0757-0952 RESISTOR 15K 2% .125W, 28480, 0757-0952.

Page 5-4, change A5C24 to 0160-0127 CAPACITOR-FXD; 1UF  $\pm$  20% 25 WVDC CER, 28480, 0160-0127.

Change A5CR5 to 1902-0025 DIODE—ZNR 10V 5%, 28480, 1902-0025.

Change A5CR8 to 1902-3224 DIODE-ZNR 17.8V 5%, 28480, 1902-3224.

Page 5-7, change A7R8 to 0683-2715 RESISTOR 1.5K 5% .25W, 28480, 0683-2715.

Change A7R10 to 0683-1525 RESISTOR 1.5K 5% .25W, 28480, 0683-1525.

Change A7R11 to 0683-1335 RESISTOR 13K 5% .25W, 28480, 0683-1335.

Page 7-9, change A5CR8 to 7V. Change A5C24 to 1UF.

Page 7-19, change A7R11 to 13K. Change R10 to 1.5K. Change R8 to 270.

**Change 7:**

Page 5-3, change A1C5 to 0180-0116 CAPACITOR—FXD 6.8UF  $\pm$  10% 35VDC TA, 28480, 0180-0115.

Page 5-4, change A5C24 to 0160-0127 CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF  $\pm$  20% 25 WVDC CER, 28480, 0160-0127.

Change A5CR5 to 1902-3149 DIODE-ZNR 9.09V 5%, 28480, 1902-3149.

Page 5-4, change A5R16 to 0683-1535 RESISTOR 15K 5% .25W, 28480, 0683-1535.

Page 5-7, change A7C1 and A7C2 to 0180-0374 CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF 20 VDC, 28480, 0180-0374.

Page 7-11, change A1C5 to 6.8UF.

Page 7-15, change A5C24 to 1UF. Change A5CR5 to 9V. Change A5R16 to 3600.

Page 7-19, change A7C1 and A7C2 to 10UF 20V.

**Change 8:**

Page 5-4, Table 5-1:

Change A5CR1 from 05500-80003 to 1990-0338, 2, PHOTO-DIODE: SILICON, 28480, 1990-0338.  
Obsolete pages 5-7 and 5-8 (Replaceable Parts for A7 Series 1628) but keep in your manual.

Page 7-19, Figure 7-12:

Mark this page as obsolete but keep it in the manual. After page 7-19 insert Figure 7-12A. This page can be found at the end of this manual section. (Be sure to change page number to read 7-19a.)

**Change 9:**

Page 7-13, Figure 7-7:

Make a note on this drawing to the effect the Resistors R7 and R8 are 47K in series 1616A and below.

**Change 10:**

Page 5-3, Table 5-1:

Change A1S2 HP Part Number and Mfr. Part Number from 3101-2116 to 3101-1676.

Page 7-11, Figure 7-6:

Change A1 Connector Board Series from 1616A to 1428A.

**Change 11:**

Page 7-13, Figure 7-7:

Delete the following note:

**NOTE**

A2 HV Power Supply board was series 1604A, which was replaced by series 1612A.

**Change 12:**

Page 5-3, Table 5-1:

Change A1DS1, DS2, DS3, DS4, DS5, DS6, DS7, and DS8 Part Numbers from 1990-0485 to 1990-0416.  
(Change both the HP Part Number and Mfr. Part Number columns.)

Page 5-6, Table 5-1:

Delete 7120-5180, 1, Label, "CAUTION" and 05500-80002, 1, Label, "HP and DATE".

Add HP Part Number 7210-2562, 1, Label "CAUTION: LASER MEDIUM; MAX", 28480, 7120-2562.

**Change 13:**

Page 5-3, Table 5-1:

Change A2 HP Part Number and Mfr. Part Number from 05501-60206 to 05501-60202.

Page 7-7, Table 7-1:

Change Part Number of Ref. Desig. A2 to 05501-60202.

Page 7-13, Figure 7-7:

Add Figure 7-7A which is located at the end of this manual section. (Be sure to change page number of Figure 7-7A to read 7-13a.)

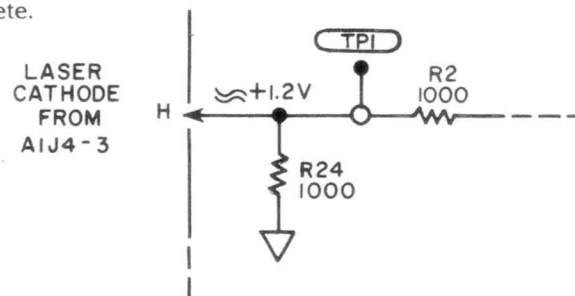
Keep page 7-13, Figure 7-7 and mark it obsolete.

Page 7-19a, Figure 7-12A:

Add R24 resistor (1000 ohms) from pin "H" (LASER CATHODE) to ground.

Page 5-5, Table 5-1:

Change A7R1 to 0683-1035 (10K ohm).



**Change 14:**

On the schematic diagram of Figure 7-9 and in the replaceable parts list, Table 5-1, change resistor A5R1 from 1.2M (part number 0683-1255) to 2M (part number 0683-2055) and change resistor A5R3 from 390K (part number 0683-3945) to 1M (part number 0683-1055).

**Change 15:**

On the functional diagram of Figure 7-4, the schematic diagram of Figure 7-6, and in the replaceable parts list of Table 5-1, delete C1 (the 100  $\mu$ F capacitor that is connected between the base of Q1 and the chassis common return connection).

**Change 16:**

On the schematic diagram of Figure 7-9 and in the replaceable parts list of Table 5-1, change resistor A5R47 from 1.3 ohms (part number 0698-8070) to 13 ohms (part number 0683-1305).

**Change 17:**

On the schematic diagram of Figure 7-6 and in the replaceable parts list of Table 5-1, delete A1C7 (the 0.001  $\mu$ F capacitor connected to the base of A1Q3).

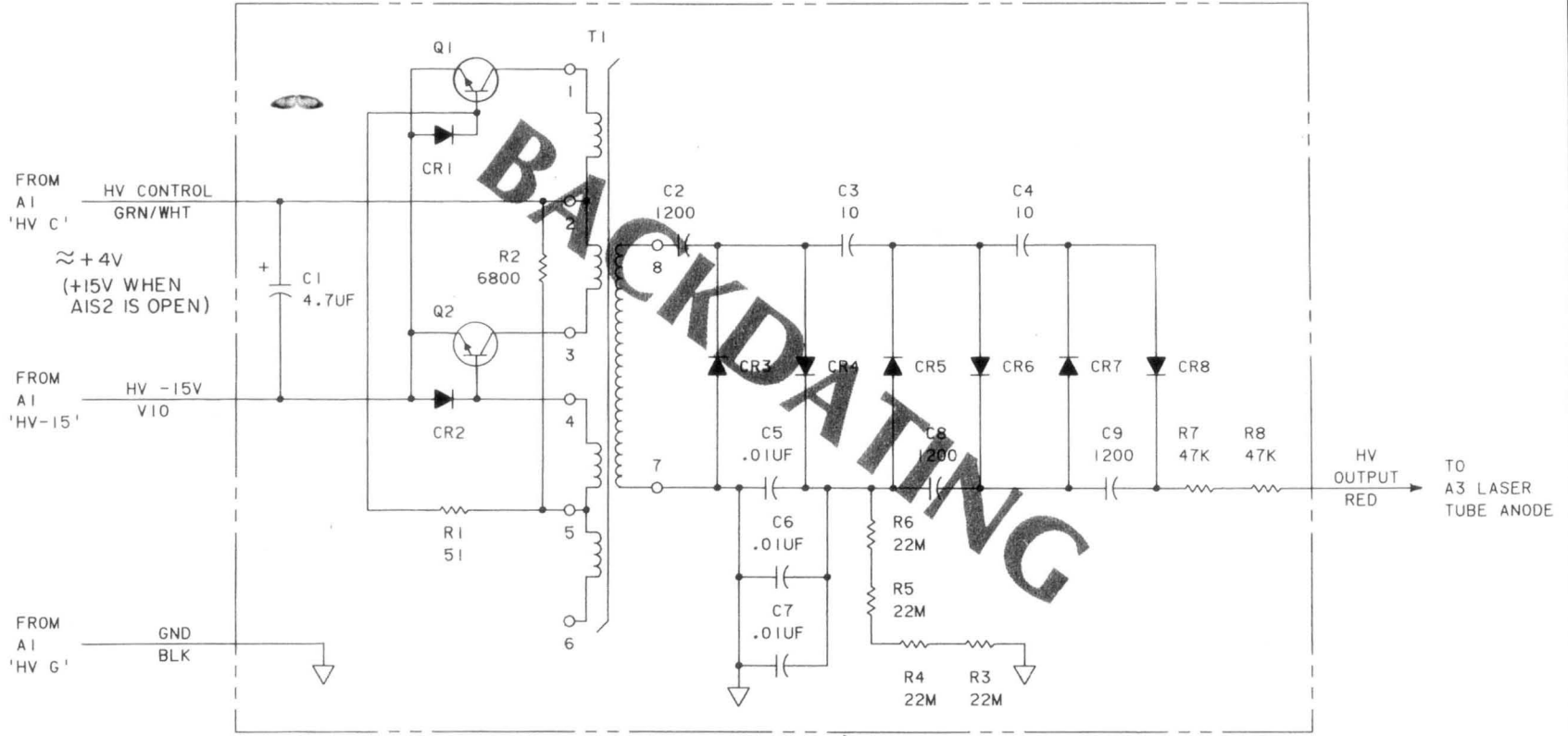
**6-9. OPTIONS**

6-10. Table 6-2 lists power supply options that are available for use with the laser head and associated system components. These options do not include the laser head and consist of power supplies only.

Table 6-2. Power Supply Options

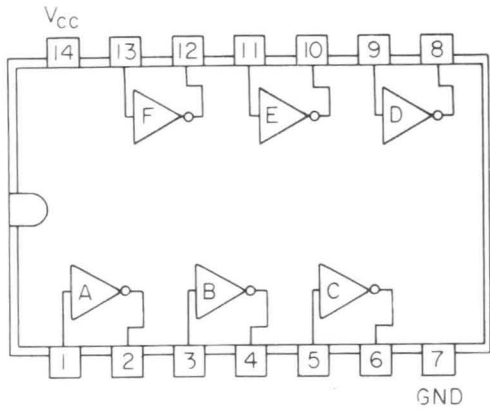
| DUAL OUTPUT SUPPLIES  |                    |                    |                     |                |                 |                  |          |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|----------|
| Option No.  | Consists of:       | Input Line Voltage | Maximum Input Power | Output Voltage | Output Current  | Current Derating | Size     |
| 001   | 62215A-J27,011     | 115V               | 98W                 | $\pm 15V$      | 1.25A each side | *                | 1/8 rack |
| 011   | 62215A-J27,011,102 | 230V               | 98W                 | $\pm 15V$      | 1.25A each side | *                | 1/8 rack |
| 019   | 62215E-J27,011     | 115V               | 215W                | $\pm 15V$      | 3.0A            | *                | 1/4 rack |
| 020   | 62215E-J27,011,102 | 230V               | 215W                | $\pm 15V$      | 3.0A            | *                | 1/4 rack |
| *Output current derated 20% with 50 Hz line input.<br>Temperature-dependent output current derating linear from 0% at 40° to 50% at 71°C. |                    |                    |                     |                |                 |                  |          |
| SINGLE OUTPUT SUPPLIES  |                    |                    |                     |                |                 |                  |          |
| Option No.  | Consists of:       | Input Line Voltage | Maximum Input Power | Output Voltage | Output Current  |                  | Size     |
| 005   | 62005A-011         | 115V               | 37W                 | 5V             | 2.0A            |                  | 1/8 rack |
| 006   | 62005C-011         | 115V               | 80W                 | 5V             | 4.0A            |                  | 1/4 rack |
| 007   | 62005E-011         | 115V               | 153W                | 5V             | 8.0A            |                  | 1/4 rack |
| 008   | 62005G-011         | 115V               | 301W                | 5V             | 16.0A           |                  | 1/2 rack |
| 015   | 62005A-011,102     | 230V               | 37W                 | 5V             | 2.0A            |                  | 1/8 rack |
| 016   | 62005C-011,102     | 230V               | 80W                 | 5V             | 4.0A            |                  | 1/4 rack |
| 017   | 62005E-011,102     | 230V               | 153W                | 5V             | 8.0A            |                  | 1/4 rack |
| 018   | 62005G-011,102     | 230V               | 301W                | 5V             | 16.0A           |                  | 1/2 rack |

A2 HV POWER SUPPLY BOARD 05501-60202

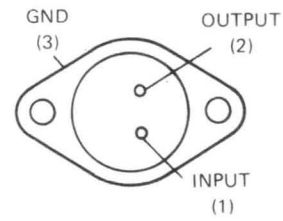


**NOTE:**  
**THIS ASSEMBLY IS NOT REPAIRABLE; SCHEMATIC FOR REFERENCE USE ONLY.**

Figure 7-7A. A2 H.V. Power Supply Assembly Schematic Diagram

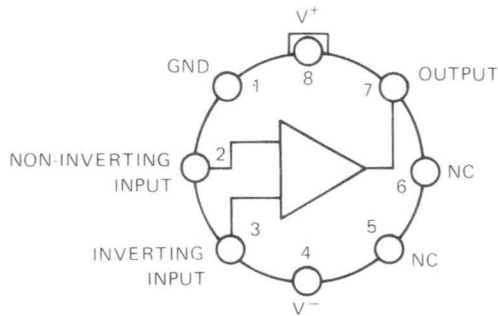


1820-0175 (7405)  
HEX INVERTERS WITH OPEN COLLECTOR OUTPUTS



MAX INPUT VOLTAGE 35VDC  
OUTPUT VOLTAGE +5V ± 0.2 VOLTS

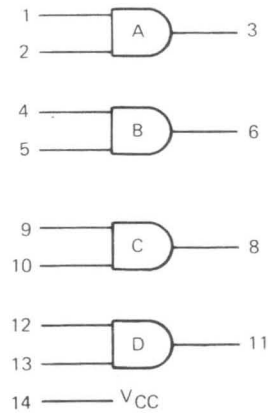
1820-0430 (LM309K)  
FIVE VOLT REGULATOR



| TRUTH TABLE |        |
|-------------|--------|
| INPUT       | OUTPUT |
| +           | HIGH   |
| -           | LOW    |

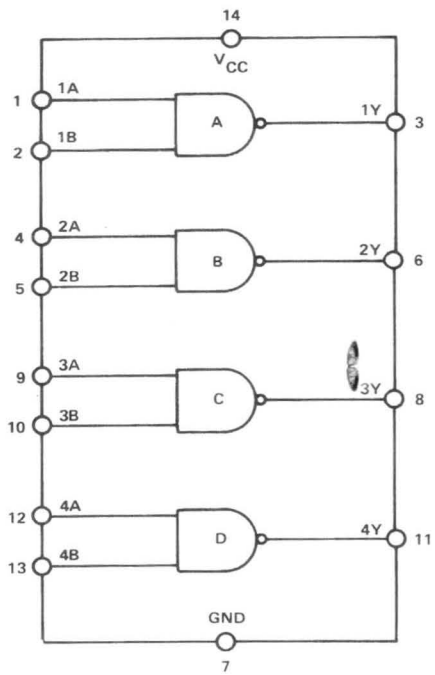
+ = PIN 2 INPUT MORE POSITIVE THAN PIN 3 INPUT  
- = PIN 3 INPUT MORE POSITIVE THAN PIN 2 INPUT

1820-0321 (LM710)  
VOLTAGE COMPARATOR

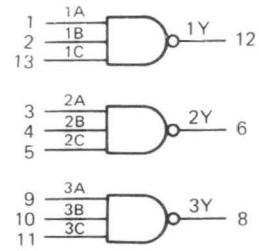


1820-0511 (7408)  
QUAD 2-INPUT AND GATE

Figure 7-2. IC Diagrams

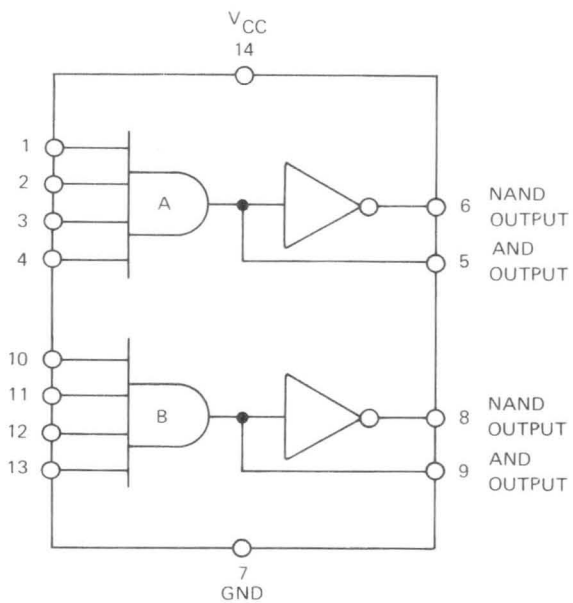


1820-0583 (74L00)  
QUADRUPLE 2-INPUT POSITIVE-NAND GATES

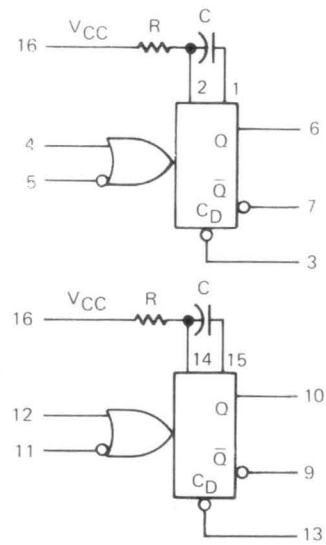


POSITIVE LOGIC:  
 $Y = \overline{ABC}$

1820-0587 (74L10)  
TRIPLE 3-INPUT POSITIVE-NAND GATES

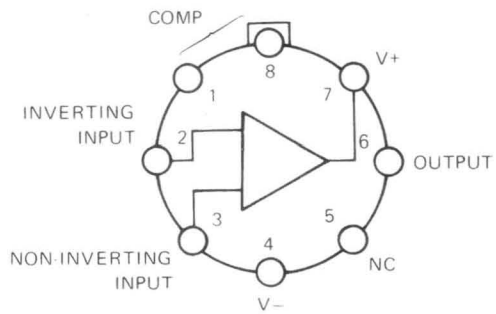


1820-0720 (8830)  
DUAL DIFFERENTIAL LINE DRIVER



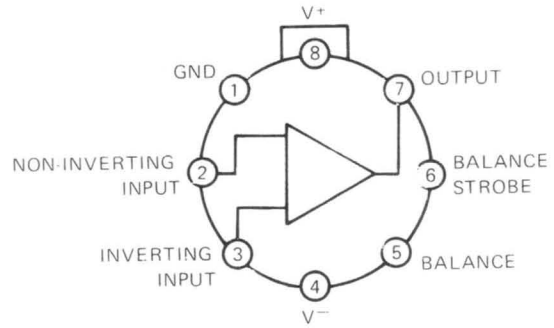
1820-0730 (96L02)  
RETRIGGERABLE ONE-SHOT

Figure 7-2. IC Diagrams (cont'd)



NOTE PIN 4 CONNECTED TO CASE

1826-0035 (LM308A)  
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER



| TRUTH TABLE |        |        |
|-------------|--------|--------|
| $V_{IN}$    | STROBE | OUTPUT |
| +           | H      | H      |
| +           | L      | L      |
| -           | H      | H      |
| -           | L      | L      |

NOTE +=NON-INVERTING INPUT (PIN 2)  
MORE POSITIVE THAN INVERTING  
INPUT (PIN 3)  
--=INVERTING INPUT (PIN 3) MORE  
POSITIVE THAN NON-INVERTING INPUT

1826-0065 (LM311)  
VOLTAGE COMPARATOR

Figure 7-2. IC Diagrams (cont'd)



Table 7-1. Laser Head Module Listing

| <b>Ref. Desig.</b> | <b>Name</b>                        | <b>Part No.</b> |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| A1                 | Connector Board Assembly           | 05501-60201     |
| A2                 | High Voltage Power Supply Assembly | 05501-60206     |
| A3                 | Laser Assembly                     | 05501-60006     |
| A4                 | Beam Splitter Assembly             | 05501-60005     |
| A5                 | Lock Reference Board Assembly      | 05501-60204     |
| A6                 | PZT Power Supply Assembly          | 05501-60203     |
| A7                 | Control Board Assembly             | 05501-60205     |

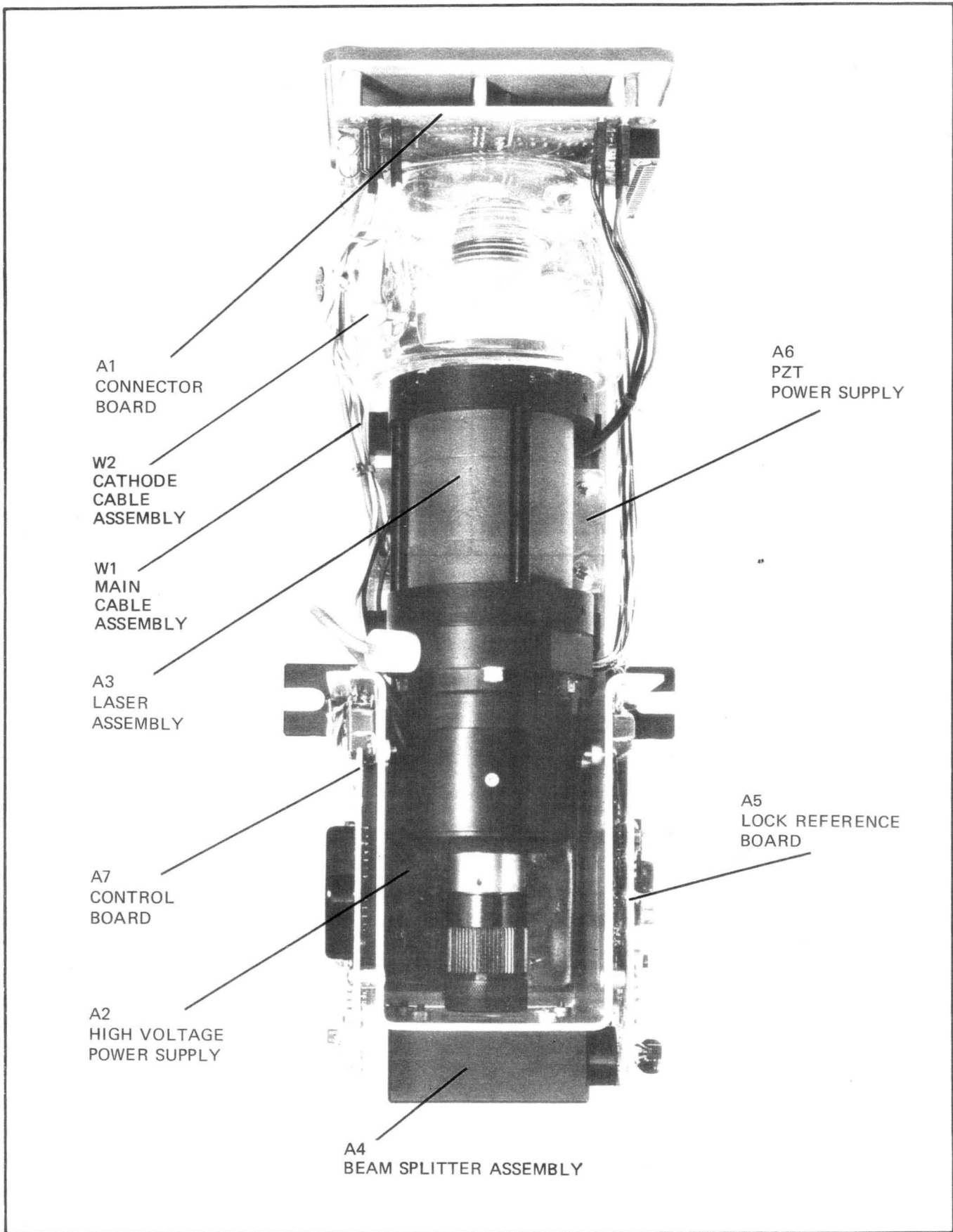
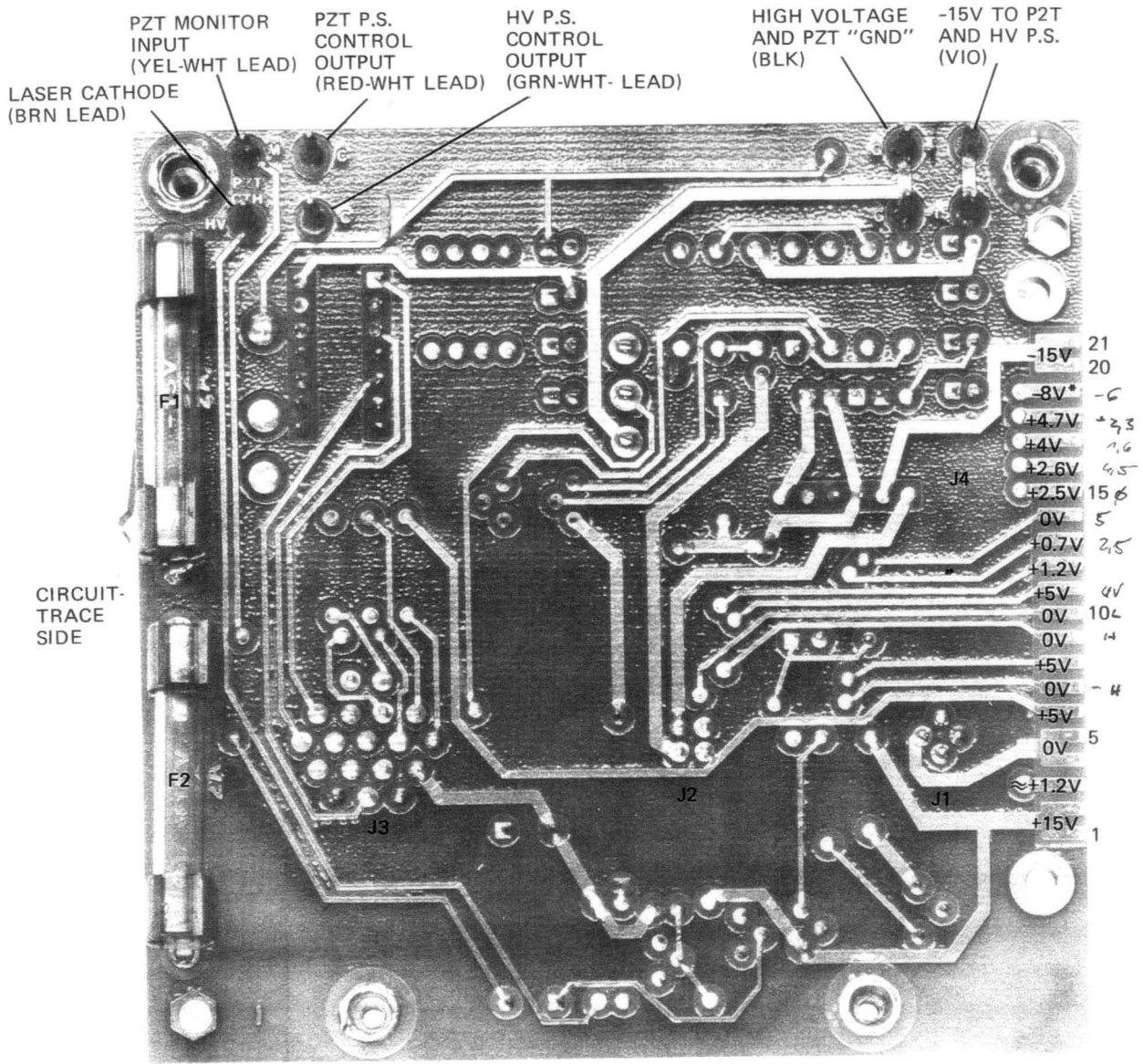


Figure 7-3. Laser Head Assembly Locations



\*WHEN A1S1 IS DEPRESSED

A1 Integrated Circuit Chart

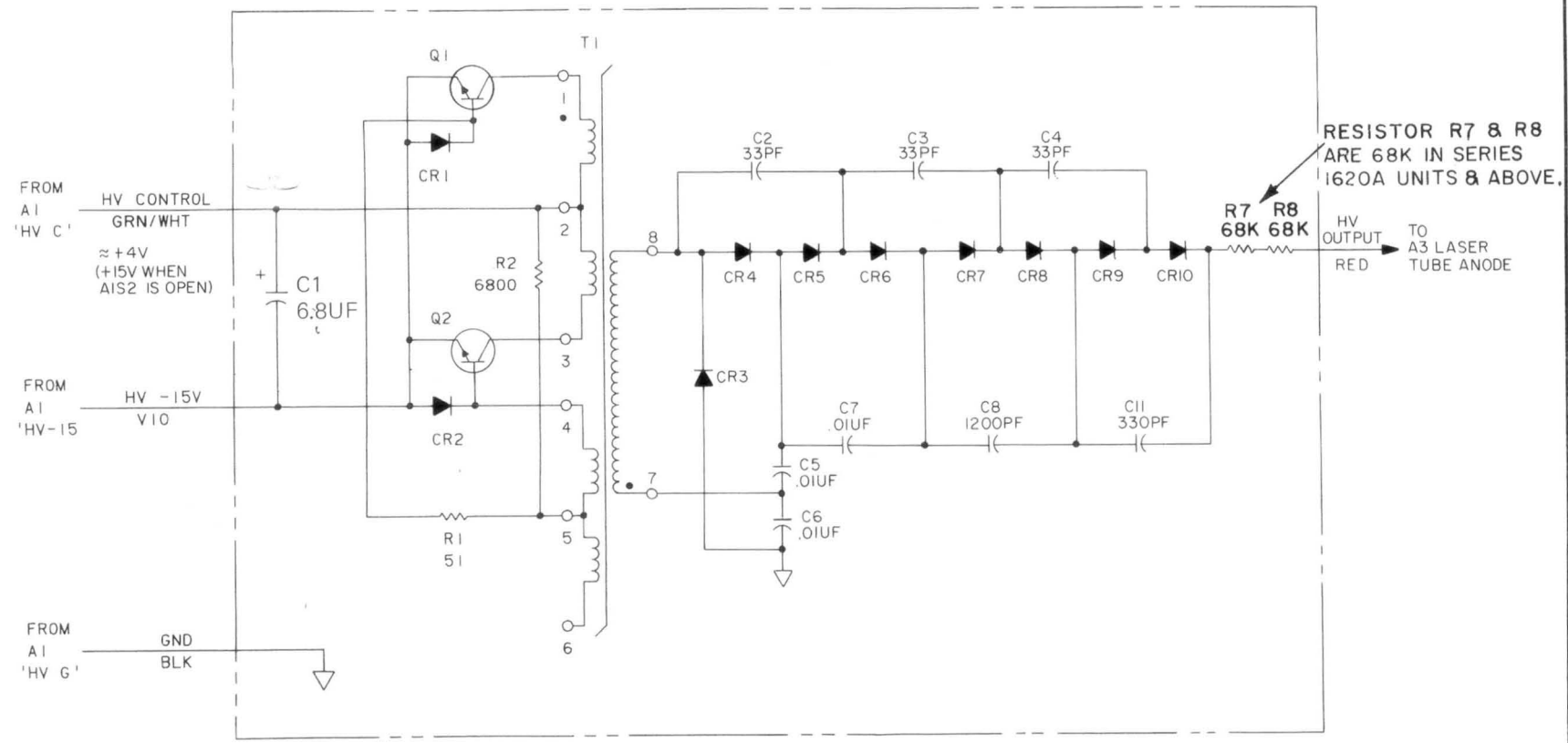
| Ref. Desig. | Vcc    | Gnd   | Part No.  |        |
|-------------|--------|-------|-----------|--------|
|             |        |       | HP        | Vendor |
| U1          | PIN 14 | PIN 7 | 1820-0175 | 7405   |

Part of Figure 7-6. A1 Connector Board Component Locator (Circuit Side)

Table 7-3. A2 High Voltage Assembly Signal List

| Input                   | Output | Signal Name   | Function   | Source   | Destination                     |
|-------------------------|--------|---------------|--|----------|---------------------------------|
| Green/<br>White<br>Wire |        | HV<br>CONTROL | High voltage power supply output<br>level control          | A1-HVC   |                                 |
| Purple<br>Wire          |        | HV-15         | +15 volts operating power for high<br>voltage power supply | A1-HV-15 |                                 |
| Black<br>Wire           |        | GND           | Ground Reference   | A1-HVG   |                                 |
|                         | Red    | HV<br>OUTPUT  | High voltage output  |          | A3, Laser<br>Tube Assy<br>Anode |

A2 HV POWER SUPPLY BOARD 05501-60208 (1736A)



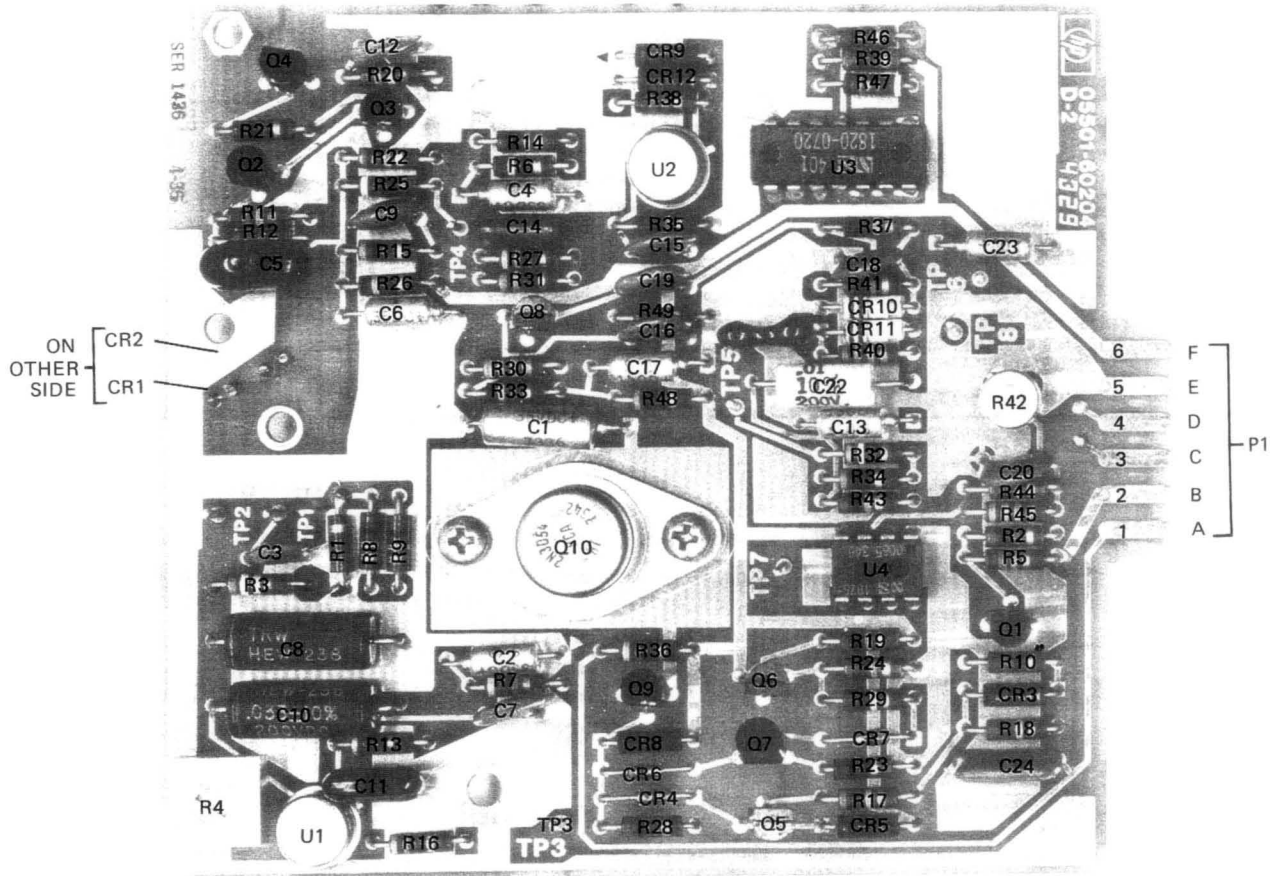
RESISTOR R7 & R8  
ARE 68K IN SERIES  
1620A UNITS & ABOVE.

**NOTE:**  
THIS ASSEMBLY IS NOT REPAIRABLE; SCHEMATIC FOR REFERENCE USE ONLY.

Figure 7-7. A2 H.V. Power Supply Assembly Schematic Diagram

Table 7-4. A5 Lock Reference Board Signal List

| Input   | Output | Signal Name  | Function   | Source     | Destination |
|---------|--------|--------------|--|------------|-------------|
| XA5-B,2 |        | +15V         | +15 volts operating power for Lock Reference Board   | A1J4-1,2   |             |
| XA5-C   |        | RETUNE CLAMP | Activates clamping switch that forces Laser tube to operate on proper tuning mode  | XA7-4      |             |
|         | XA5-D  | REF          | Complimented Reference Measurement Signal, equal to the difference in frequency between the Laser $f_1$ and $f_2$ components |            | A1J4-16     |
| XA5-E,5 |        | GND          | Ground reference   | A1J4-4,5   |             |
| XA5-F   |        | +5V          | +5 volts operating power for Lock Reference Board  | XA7-B,2    |             |
|         | XA5-3  | REF OK       | Active low signal indicating Laser properly tuned  |            | XA7-K       |
|         | XA5-4  | REF          | Reference Measurement signal, equal to the difference in frequency between the Laser $f_1$ and $f_2$ components              |            | A1J4-15     |
| XA5-6   |        | -15V         | -15 volts operating power for Lock Reference Board   | A1J4-20,21 |             |



A5 Lock Reference Board Integrated Circuit Chart

| Ref. Desig. | Vcc                   | Gnd                   | Part No.  |         |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------|
|             |                       |                       | HP        | Vendor  |
| U1          | As shown on schematic | —                     | 1826-0035 | LM 308A |
| U2          | As shown on schematic | As shown on schematic | 1820-0321 | LM 710  |
| U3          | As shown on schematic | As shown on schematic | 1820-0720 | DM 8830 |
| U4          | As shown on schematic | As shown on schematic | 1826-0065 | LM 311N |

Figure 7-8. A5 Lock Reference Board Component Locator

Table 7-5. A6 PZT Power Supply Assembly Signal List

| Input                 | Output                | Signal Name    | Function  | Source    | Destination                         |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|---|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| Red/<br>White<br>Wire |                       | PZT<br>CONTROL | PZT power supply output level control             | A1-PZT C  |                                     |
| Purple<br>Wire        |                       | PZT -15        | -15 volts operating power for PZT<br>Power supply | A1-PZT-15 |                                     |
| Black<br>Wire         |                       | GND            | Ground reference                                  | A1-PZT G  |                                     |
|                       | Red<br>Wire           | PZT<br>OUTPUT  | PZT control voltage                               |           | A3, Laser<br>Tube PZT<br>Connection |
|                       | Yel/<br>White<br>Wire | PZT<br>MON     | PZT control voltage sample                        |           | A1-PZT M                            |



Table 7-6. A7 Control Board Assembly Signal List

| Input   | Output  | Signal Name    | Function   | Source     | Destination     |
|---------|---------|----------------|--|------------|-----------------|
| XA7-A,1 |         | GND            | Ground Reference   | A1J4-4,5   |                 |
|         | XA7-B,2 | +5V            | Provides 5501A with +5 volts operating power   |            | A1J4-6<br>XA5-F |
| XA7-C,3 |         | -15V           | -15 volts operating power for Control Board  | A1J4-20,21 |                 |
|         | XA7-D   | L I MON        | Laser Current Sample output  |            | A1J4-12         |
| XA7-F   |         | PZT MON        | PZT voltage sample input   | A1J4-13    |                 |
| XA7-H   |         | LASER CATHODE  | Laser Cathode voltage sample input   | A1J4-3     |                 |
| XA7-J,8 |         | +15V           | +15 volts operating power for Control Board  | A1J4-1,2   |                 |
| XA7-K   |         | REF OK         | Active low signal input indicating Laser is properly tuned.  | XA5-3      |                 |
|         | XA7-L   | RETUNE CLAMP   | Activates clamping switch that forces Laser tube to operate on proper tuning mode ( $f_0$ )  |            | XA5-C           |
|         | XA7-4   | LASER CURRENT  | Active high signal indicating Laser Tube current is not within minimum and maximum limits  |            | A1J4-10         |
|         | XA7-5   | ERROR          | Active high signal indicating any or all of the following conditions:<br>1. Laser Tube current out of specifications<br>2. PZT voltage out of specifications<br>3. Retune/check cycle in process |            | A1J4-11         |
|         | XA7-6   | RETUNE FAILURE | Active high indicating failure of the Retune/Check cycle   |            | A1J4-9          |
|         | XA7-7   | RETUNE         | Active high signal indicating PZT tuning/check cycle is in process   |            | A1J4-7          |
| XA7-9   |         | RETUNE CMD     | Active low input signal that initiates retune/check cycle  | A1J4-8     |                 |
|         | XA7-10  | REF OK         | Active low output signal indicating Laser is properly tuned  |            | A1J4-14         |

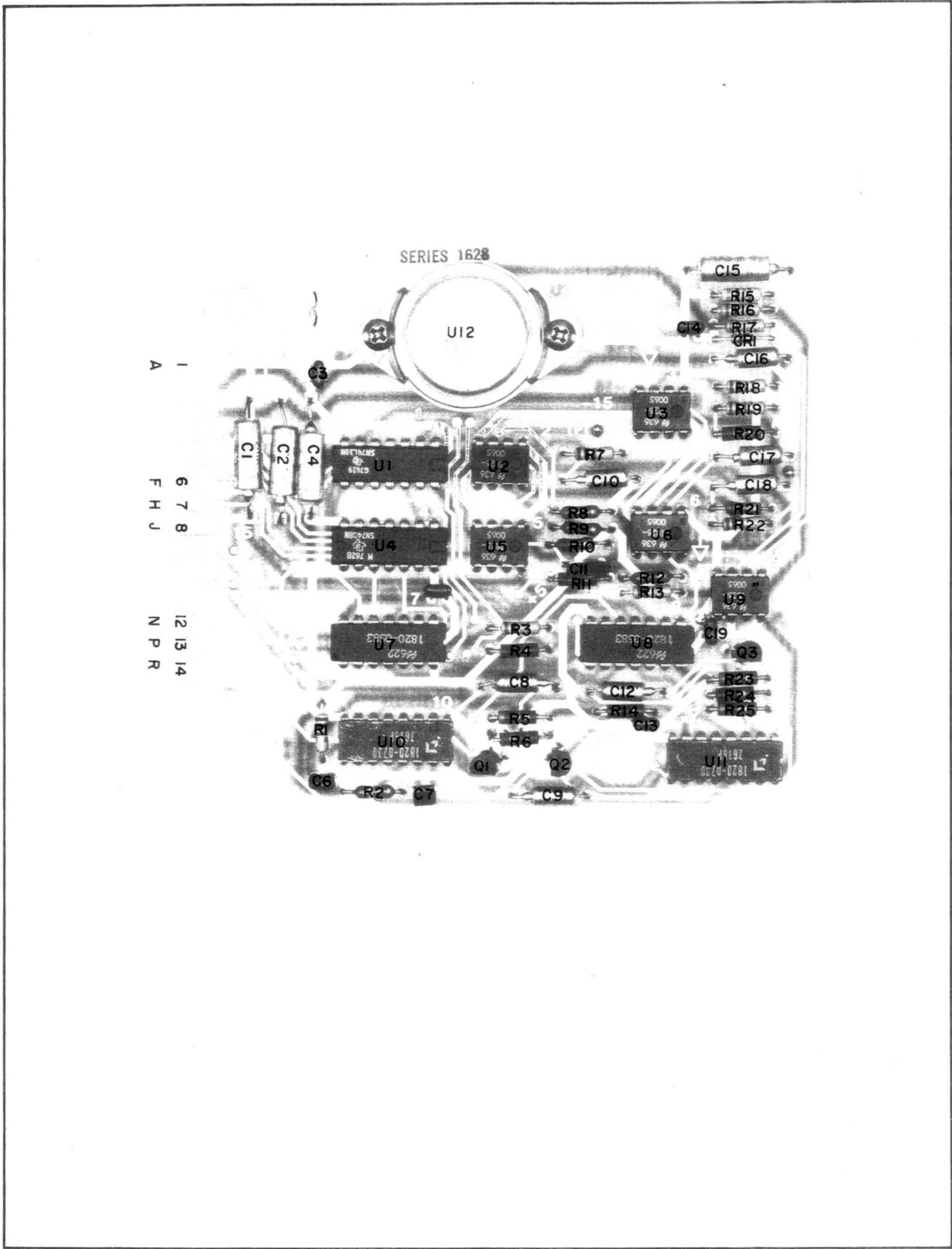


Figure 7-11. A7 Component Locator